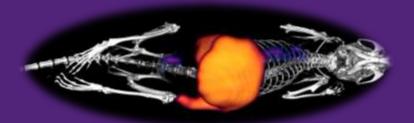


## Responsive Polymers and Bioorthogonal Chemistry to Probe Biological Processes

Kristofer J Thurecht

Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology and Centre for Advanced Imaging The University of Queensland

ARC Training Centre for Innovation in Biomedical Imaging Technology ARC Research Hub for the Advanced Manufacture of Targeted Radiopharmaceuticals



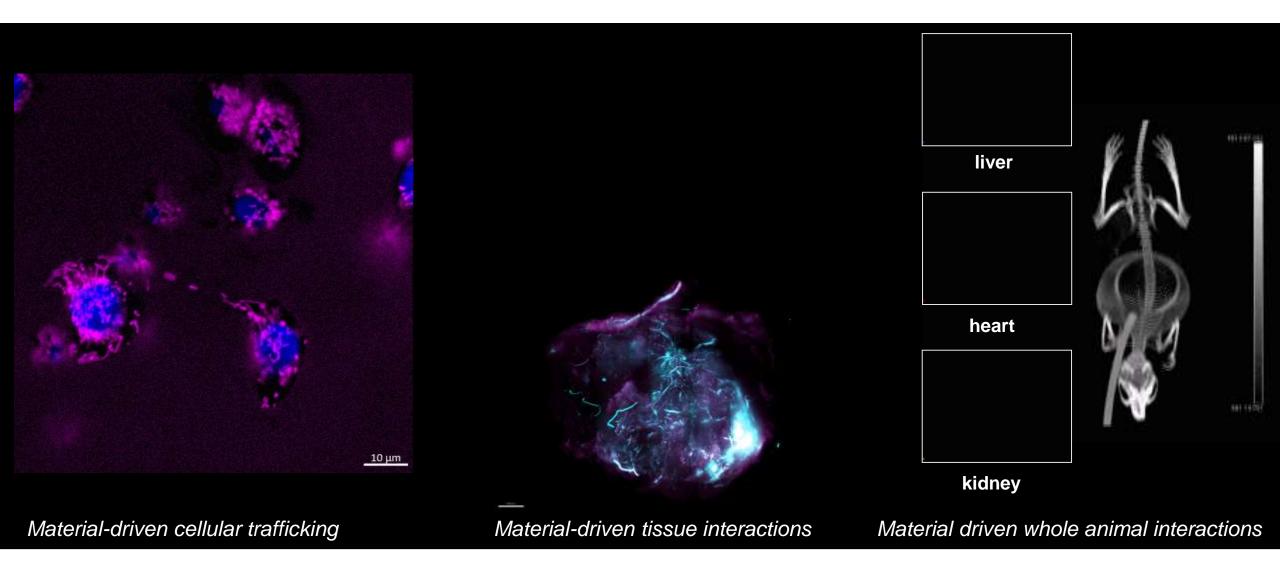
## Responsive Polymers and Bioorthogonal Chemistry to Probe Biological Processes

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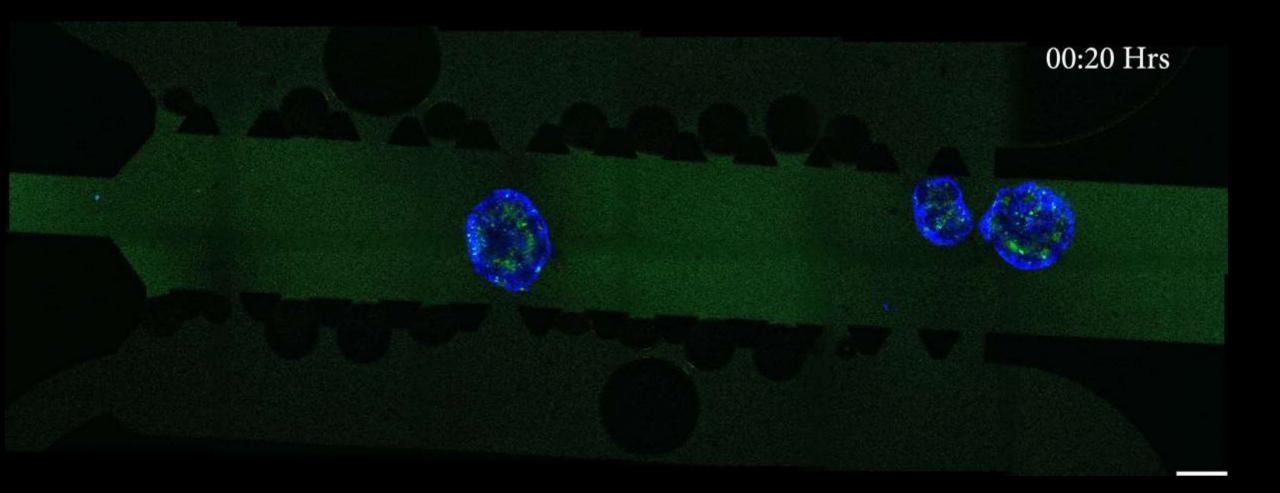
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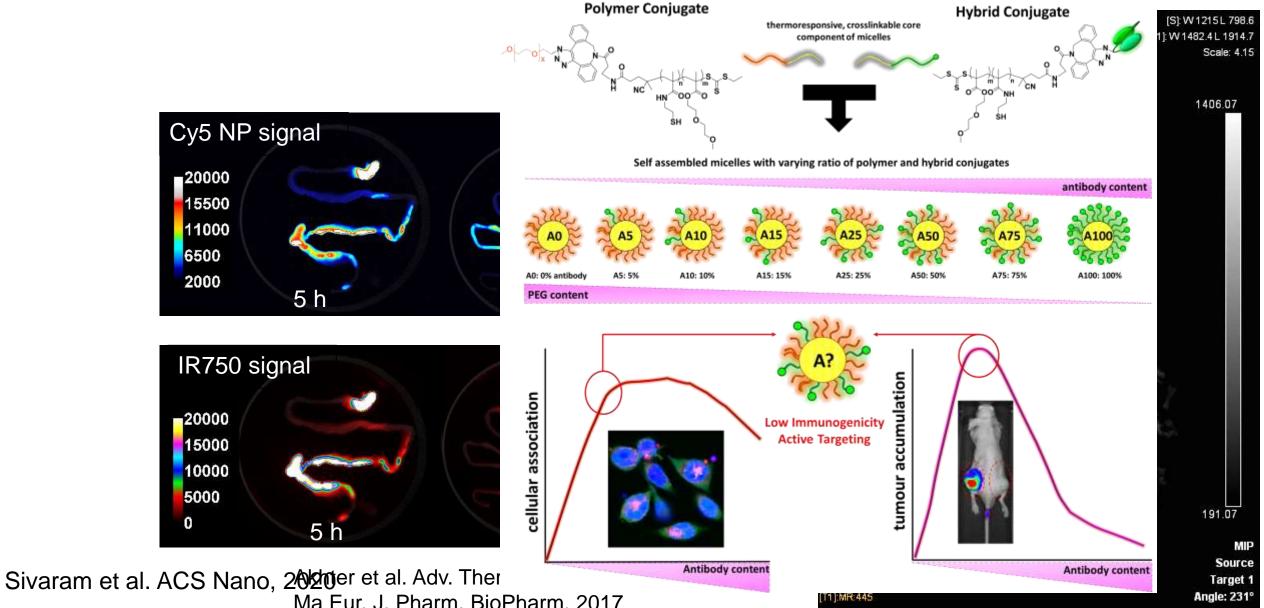
## Developing polymeric materials to probe biological systems



## Developing polymeric biomolecules to probe biological systems



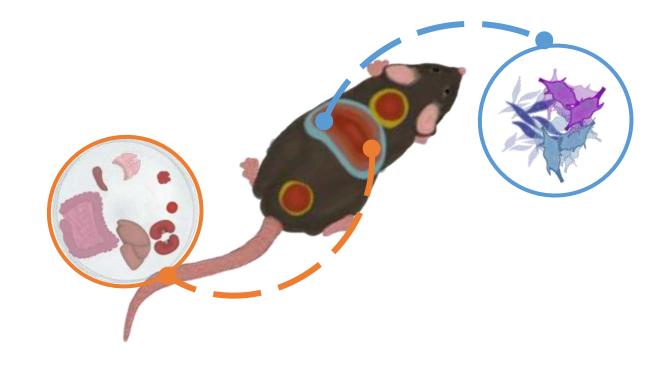
#### Polymeric nanomedicines to address biological questions



## **Current research focus – our challenges in nanomedicine**

#### **Biodistribution, retention, clearance...**

 The immune system; how it affects our development of nanomedicines and how it can be exploited



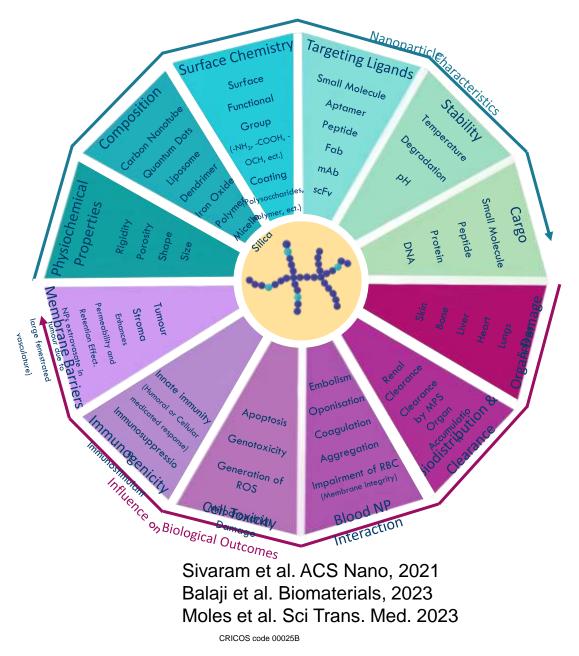
Mills et al. Biomaterials Science, 2022

CRICOS code 00025B

## **Current research focus – challenges in nanomedicine**

#### **Biodistribution, retention, clearance...**

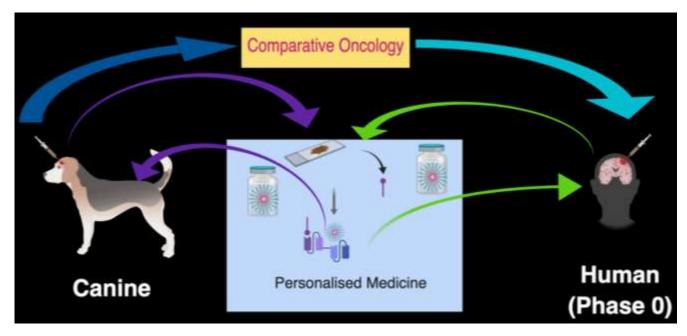
- The immune system; how it affects our development of nanomedicines and how it can be exploited
- 2. What does "stealthy" mean decoration of polymers with biological molecules intrinsically modulates *"stealthiness*" of the particle.



## **Current research focus – our challenges in nanomedicine**

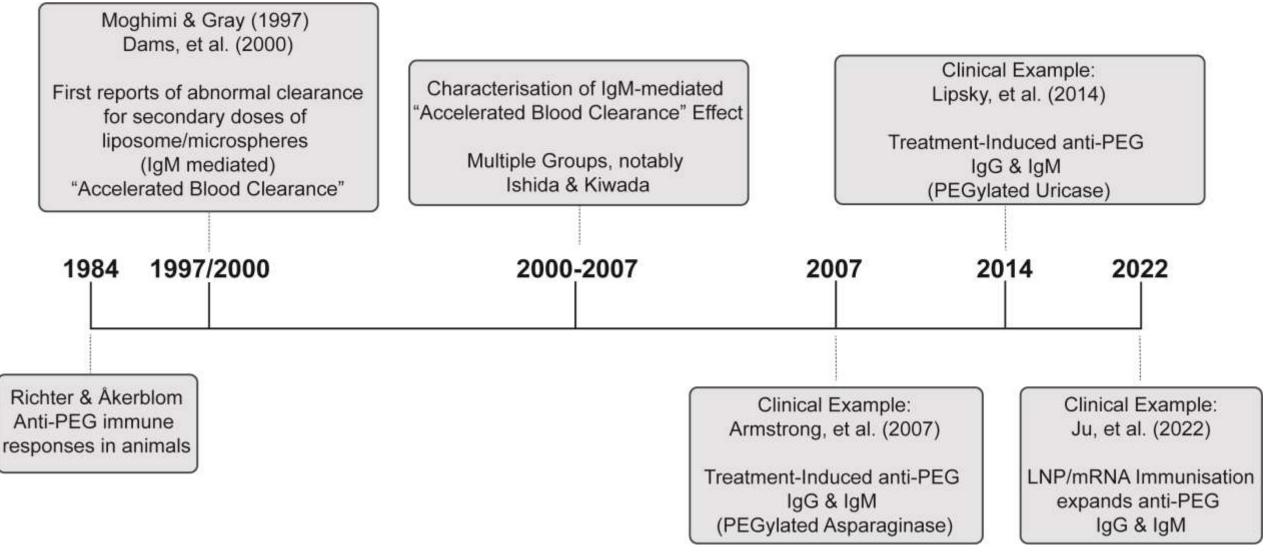
#### **Biodistribution, retention, clearance...**

- The immune system; how it affects our development of nanomedicines and how it can be exploited
- 2. What does "stealthy" mean decoration of polymers with biological molecules intrinsically modulates *"stealthiness"* of the particle.
- 3. Our translational pathway  $\rightarrow$  clinical personalised nanomedicine.



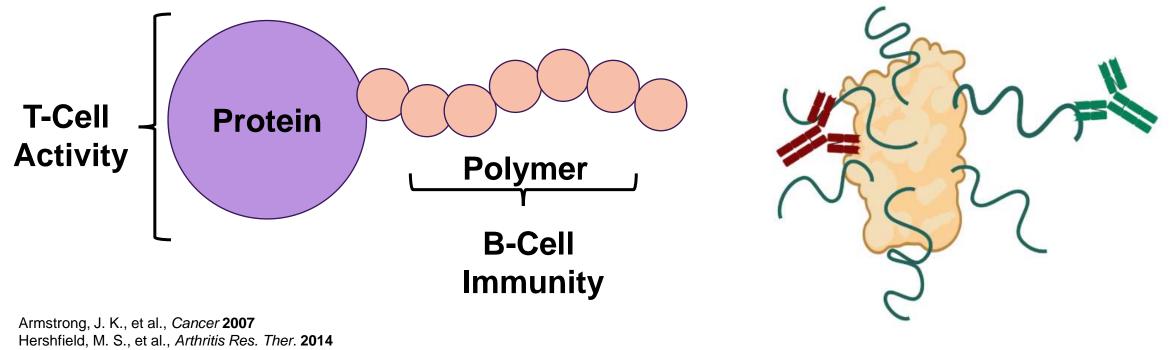
Houston et al. ACS Central Science, 2020 Janowicz et al. Biomaterials, 2022 Daniel et al. J Nuc Med, 2020 CRICOS code 00025B

# PEG – Clinical reality of an all-purpose polymer



## Understanding Anti-PEG responses in the clinic

- Seroconversion to IgG is significantly more problematic than IgM (Fc recycling)
- eg. Oncaspar<sup>®1</sup>, Krystexxa<sup>® 2,3</sup>, Palynziq<sup>® 4</sup>
  - Non-host, evolutionarily divergent (xenogeneic) proteins conjugated with PEG.



Lipsky, P. E., et al., Arthritis Res. Ther. 2014

Gupta, S., et al., EBioMedicine 2018

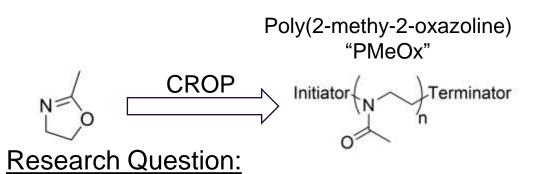
1. 2.

3.

4.

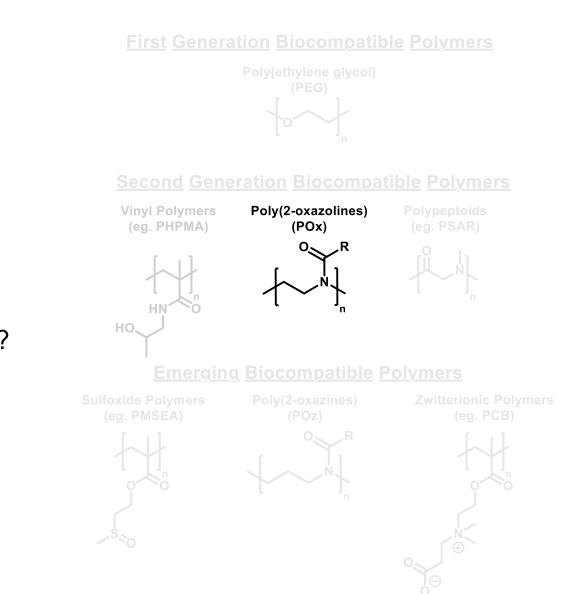
## Is this just a PEG problem?

Change PEG to a different polymer

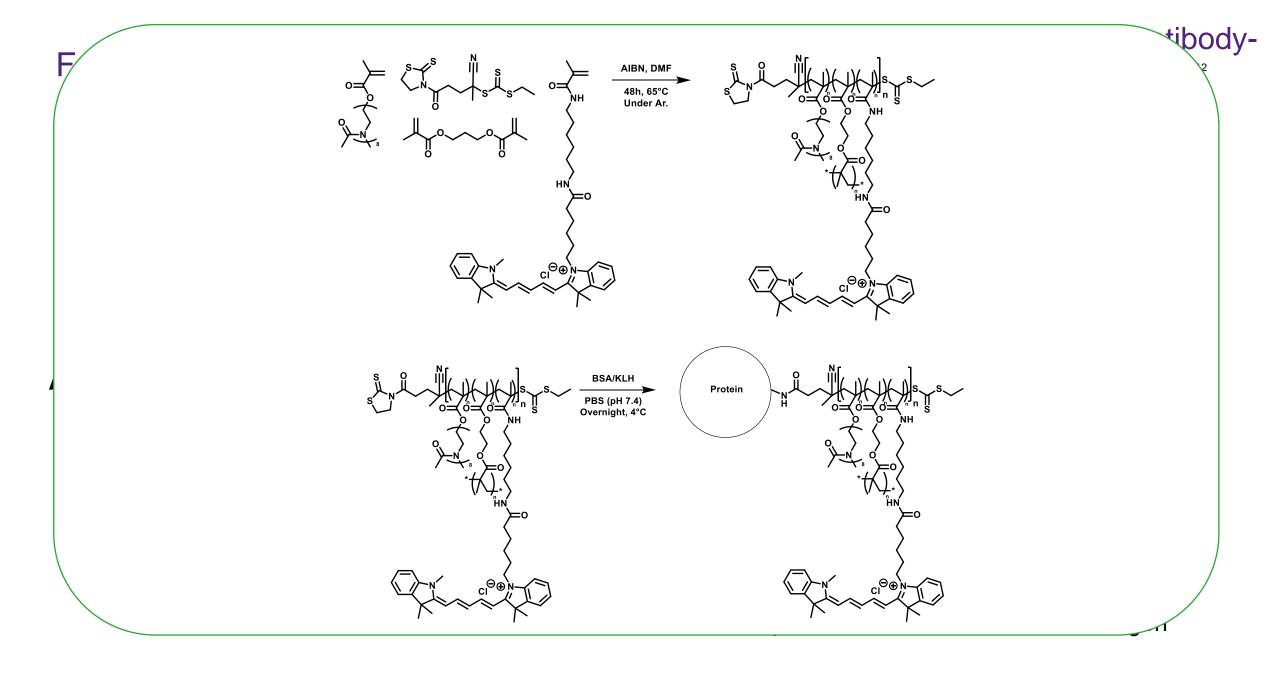


• Can we develop a molecular imaging approach to evaluate whether polymer substitution is effective?





CRICOS code 00025B

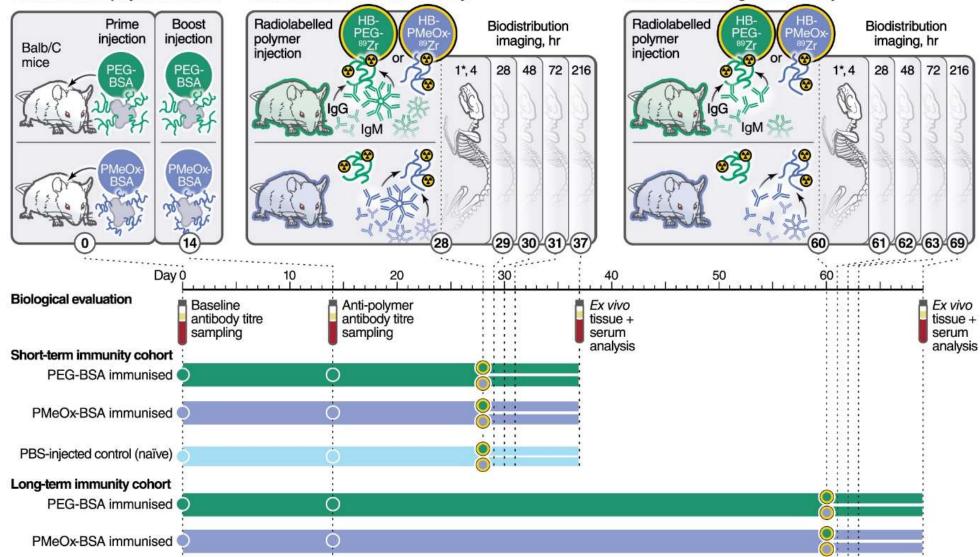


#### Anti-Polymer Immunity Model

A. Induction of an anti-polymer model for pharmacokinetic assessment

Assessment of short-term immunity

Induction of anti-polymer antibodies



\*Imaging performed at multiple intervals within first 60 minutes for time-activity analysis (see Figure 4A).

Assessment of long-term immunity

Imaging agent: HB-PEG-®Zr

Magnitude of this effect depends on many factors:

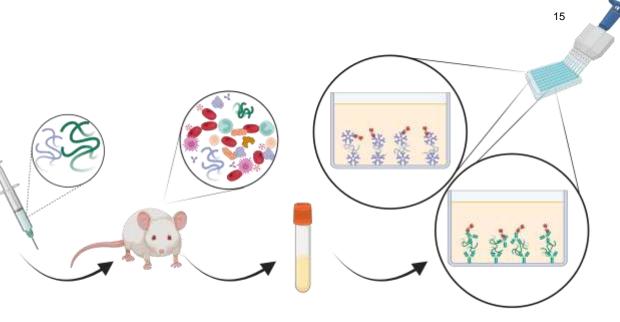
- Size of polymer  $(D_h)$  ie. faster naïve  $t_{1/2}$  leads to less time for opsonisation/deposition into liver/spleen
  - Model is currently applicable to therapeutics with a narrow therapeutic index (lower doses)
    - Future work: Investigate this in the context of large doses to visualise Fc Recycling

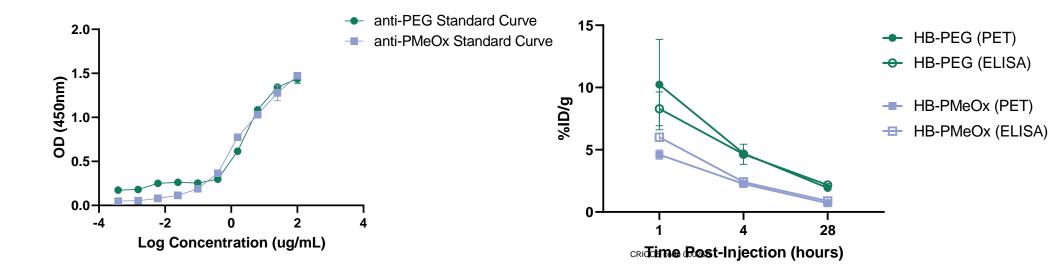
Alternating between antigenically distinct polymers is a viable strategy to evade detection by the adaptive immune system.

Can we use this knowledge to establish anti-Polymer mAbs in scalable therapeutic drug monitoring assays?

## Quantifying label-free POx and PEG:

- Sandwich ELISA based format for multiplexing label-free polymer therapeutics.
- What this is useful for:
  - Applications where multiple polymer therapeutics are employed to deliver synergism (e.g. metronomic multi-drug chemotherapy)

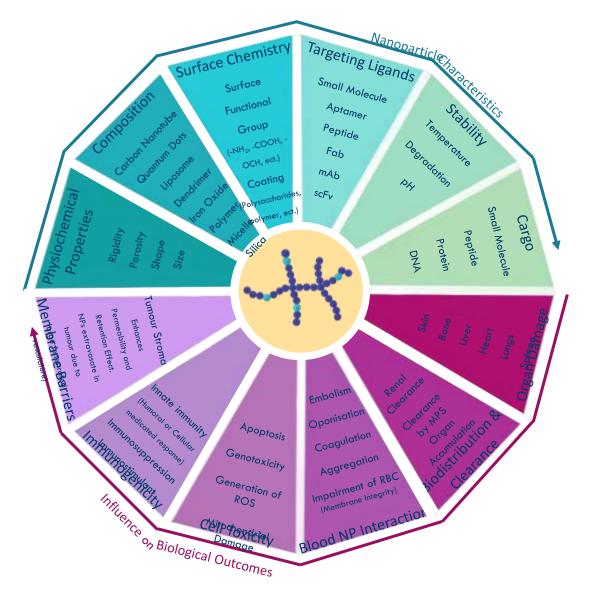




## **Current research focus – our challenges in nanomedicine**

#### **Biodistribution, retention, clearance...**

- 1. The immune system; how it affects our development of nanomedicines
- 2. What does "stealthy" mean decoration of polymers with biological molecules intrinsically modulates *"stealthiness*" of the particle.



## The effect of targeting ligand on biodistribution

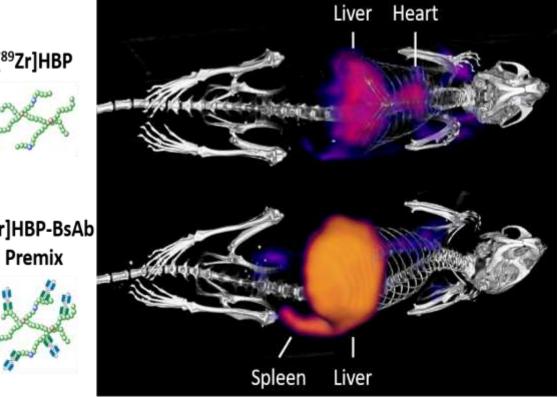


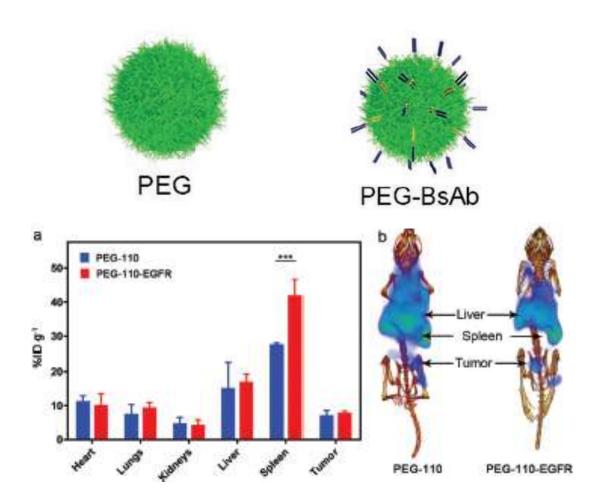
[<sup>89</sup>Zr]HBP



[<sup>89</sup>Zr]HBP-BsAb



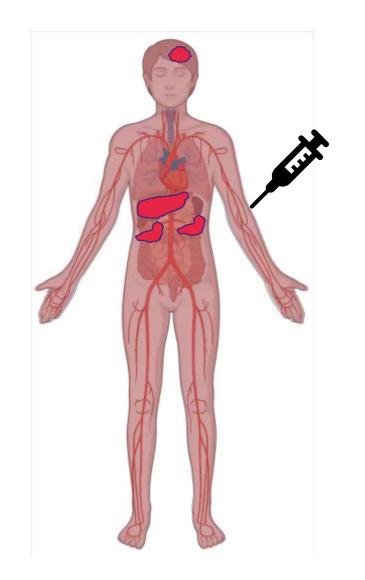




Fletcher et al., Chem Commun. 2022

Cui, Thurecht, Caruso et al., ACS Nano 2019

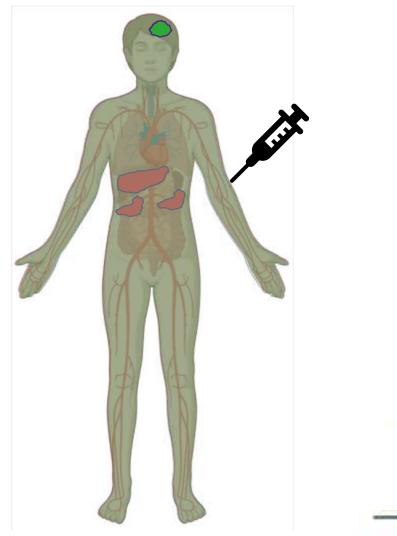
## Pretargeting: Strategies to overcome clearance of nanoparticles



#### mAb imaging

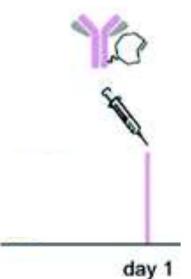
- Usually good target accumulation
- Long circulation
- Long retention in clearance organs

## Pretargeting: Strategies to overcome clearance of nanoparticles



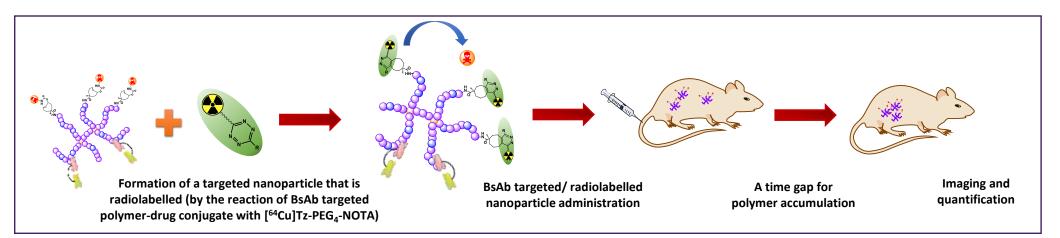
#### mAb pre-targeting approach

- 2-step process
- Bio-orthogonal click reaction occurs between pre-injected mAb and chase molecule
- PK of the chase molecule dictates S/N and

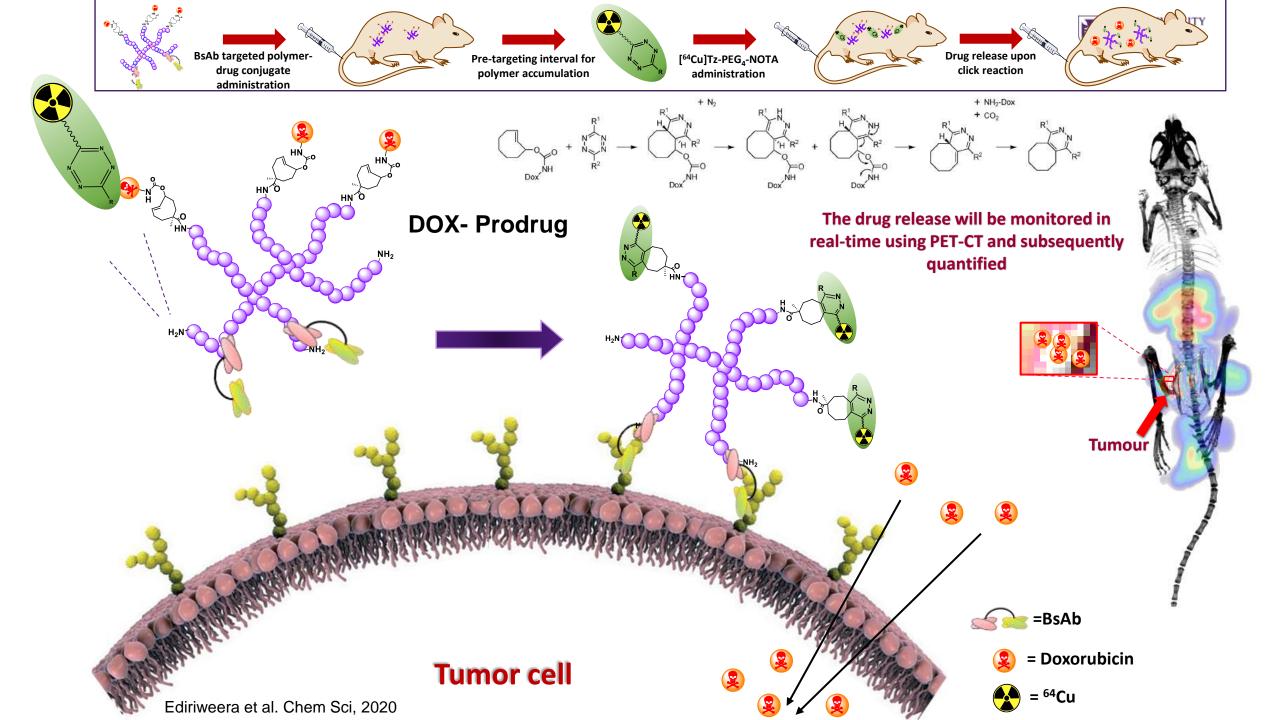




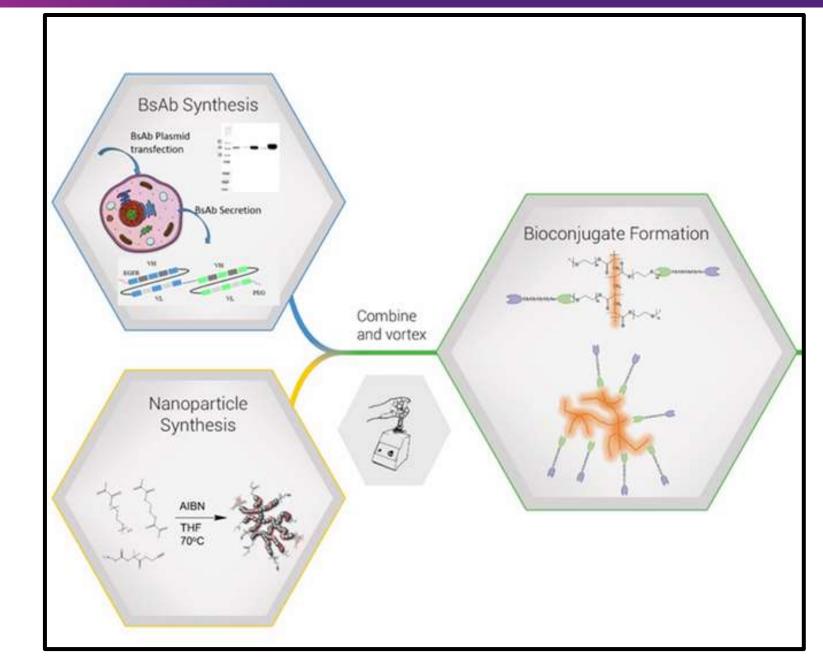
#### **Conventional approach**







## **Bispecific antibody** – pre-targeting







#### **Bispecific Antibody – BsAb**

- Dual targeting
- Rapid conjugation to synthetic polymers
- Targeting antibody conjugation through affinity (Kd = 10 nM)

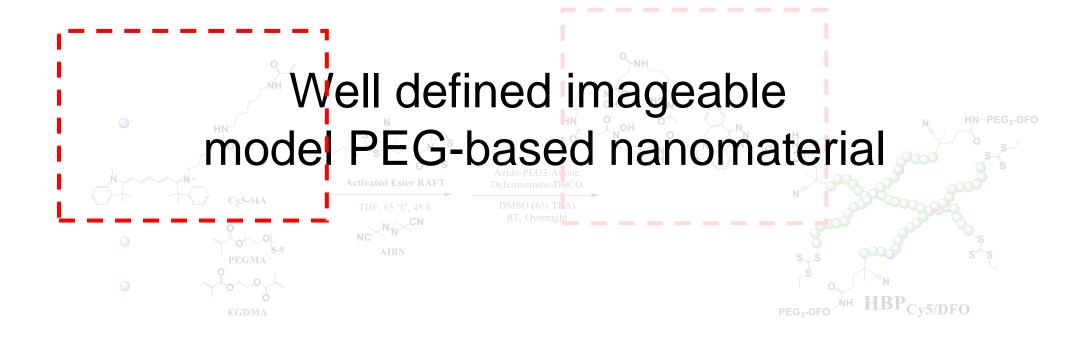


Howard et al. Adv. Healthcare Mater. 2016



#### Pretarging using direct antigenic interactions (bispecific antibodies)

- First need model system
- PEG-based hyperbranched polymer
- Incorporate Cy5 fluorophore (in vitro) and Deferoxamine chelator (89Zr PET in vivo)





Fletcher, N. L., et al. Chem Commun 2022 doi: 10.1039/d2cc02443h

#### Pre-targeting using bispecific antibodies

# Pre-targeting significantly improves S/N for imaging.

# Can we exploit this to decrease off-target toxicity of radiotherapeutics?

α-EGFR/α-PEG

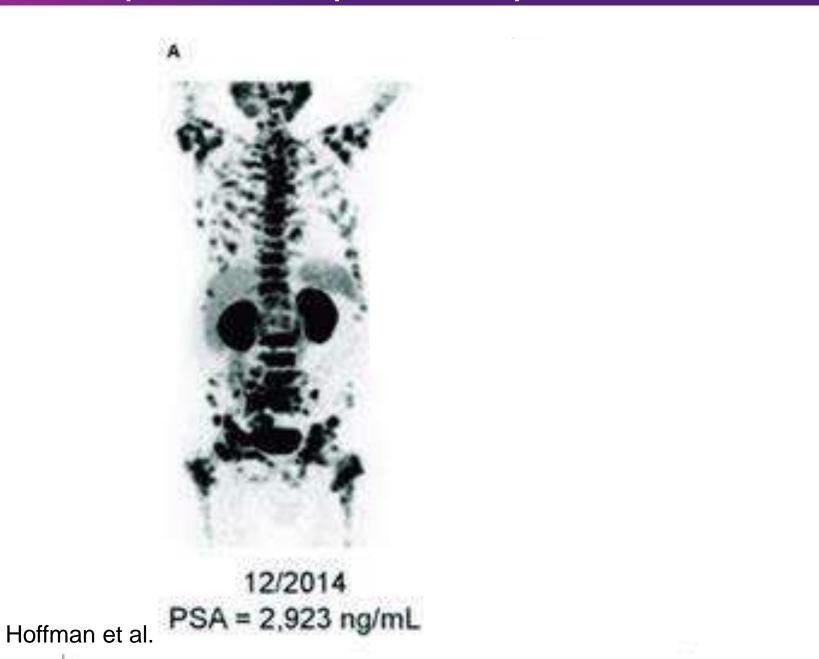
[<sup>89</sup>Zr1HBP

MDA-MB-468 (EGFR+) tumour bearing Balb/c nude

JARI OSD 6de 00125B

## The power of alpha therapeutics





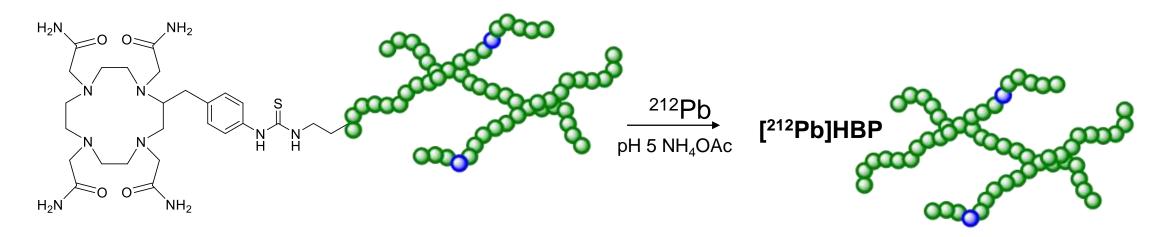
MeV) arged

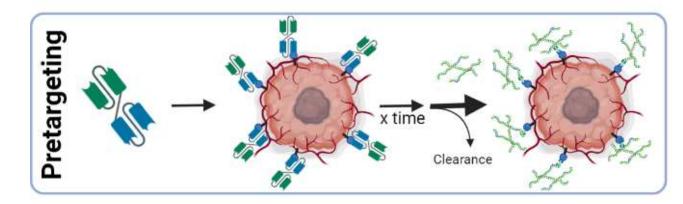
-



## <sup>212</sup>Pb carrying HBP

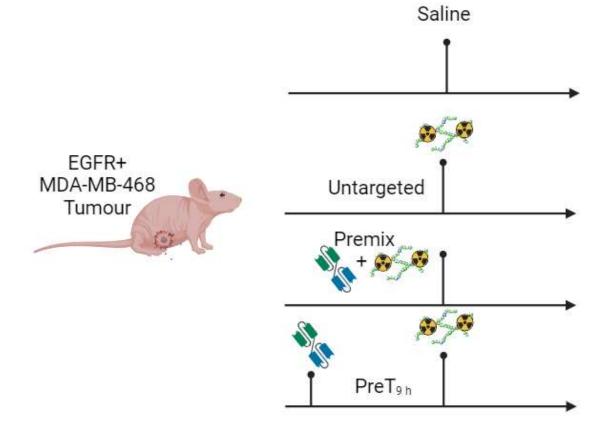
#### Substitute DFO for TCMC chelator







## Pre-targeting [<sup>212</sup>Pb]HBP Therapy



MDA-MB-468 (EGFR+) breast cancer tumours in Balb/c nude mice (n=5 per group) 1 MBq [<sup>212</sup>Pb]HBP dose (Untargeted, Premixed with BsAB or Pretargeted)



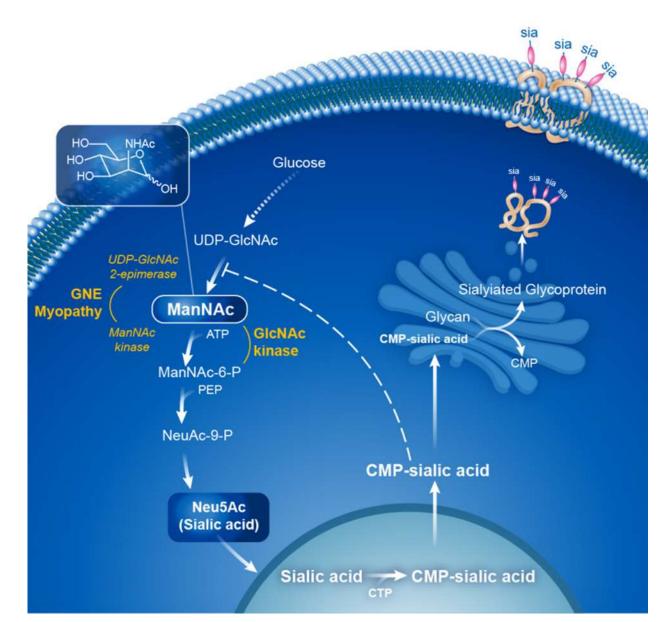
## Pre-targeting [<sup>212</sup>Pb]HBP Therapy (this is the only efficacy slide in my talk!)

Monitor tumour volume as efficacy measure

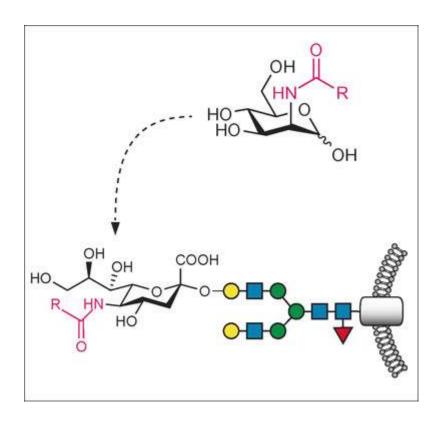
# Pretargeting using bispecific antibodies improves polymer radiotherapeutics through enhanced efficacy and decreased off-target toxicity

#### Pretargeting using metabolic glycoengineering





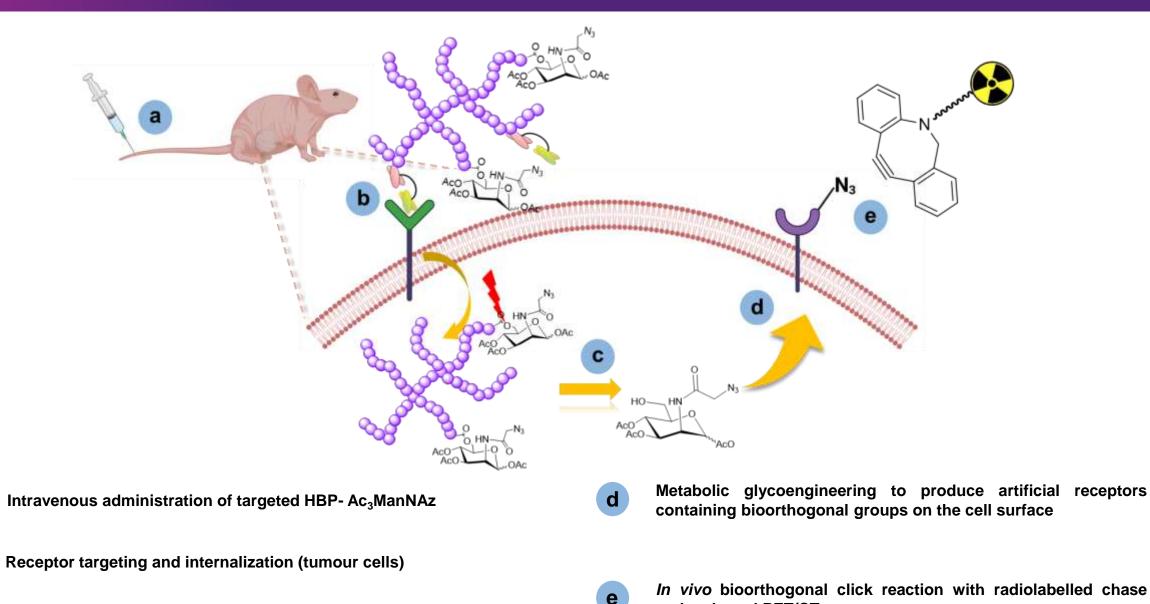
Metabolic glycoengineering (MGE) is a method used to modify glycan structures by treating cells with unnatural derivatives of monosaccharides



Neurotherapeutics (2018) 15:900-914/ Angew.Chem.Int.Ed. (2016) 55,9482-9512

#### **Incorporating metabolic glycoengineering**





Release of metabolic precursors containing bioorthogonal groups from nanoparticles

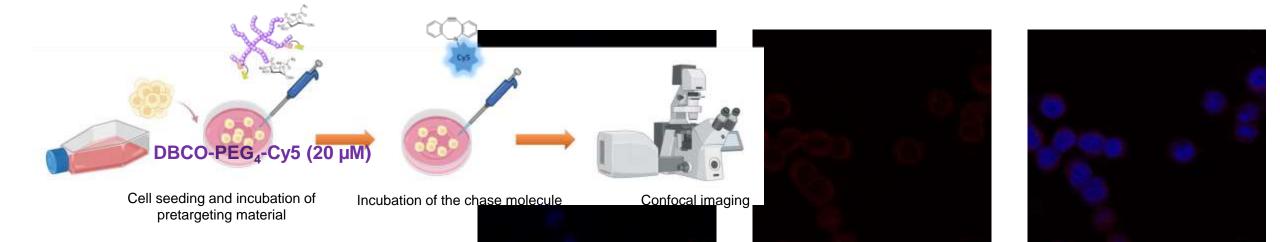
а

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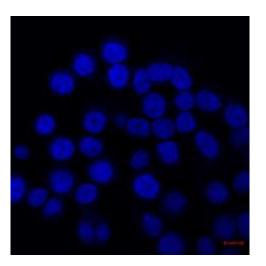
С

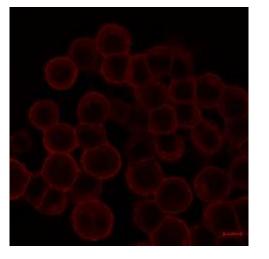
molecule and PET/CT

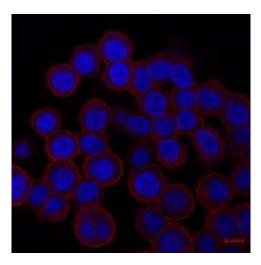




#### Ac<sub>3</sub>ManNAz (10 $\mu$ M) + DBCO-PEG<sub>4</sub>-Cy5 (20 $\mu$ M)

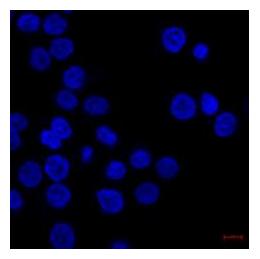


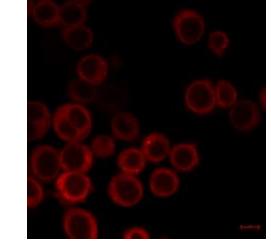


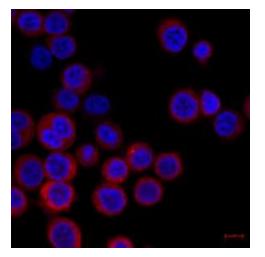




#### 48 h incubation

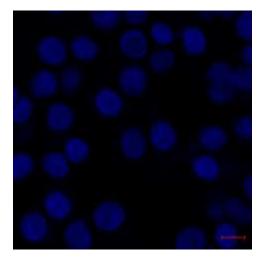


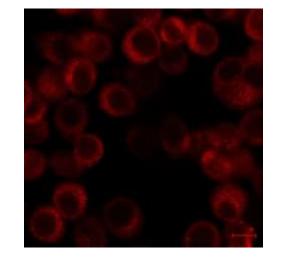


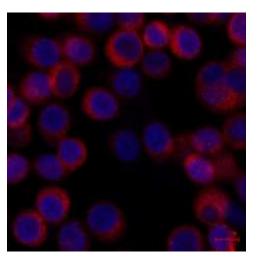


EGFR/HBP-Ac<sub>3</sub>ManNAz (10 μM) + DBCO-PEG<sub>4</sub>-Cy5 (20 μM)

#### 72 h incubation







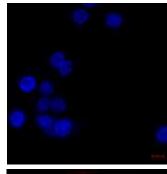
Cy5 (Chase molecule)

#### Preliminary *in vitro* cell studies

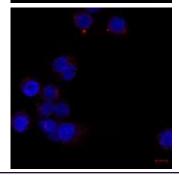


#### EGFR/HBP-Ac<sub>3</sub>ManNAz (10 $\mu$ M) + DBCO-PEG<sub>4</sub>-Cy5 (20 $\mu$ M)

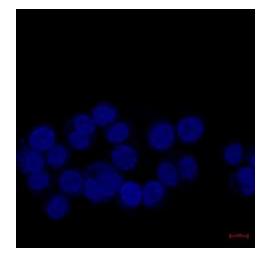
#### Control (EGFR/HBP-Az) DBCO-PEG<sub>4</sub>-Cy5



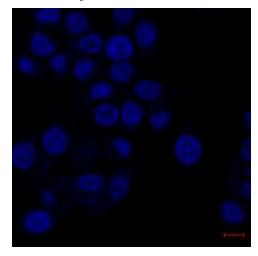




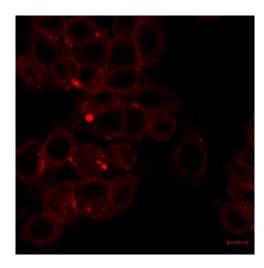
#### 5 days incubation

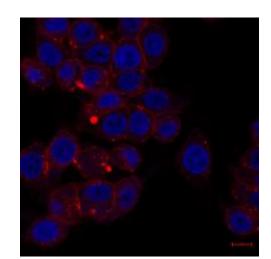


#### 6 days incubation



Hoechst (Nuclei)





Cy5 (Chase molecule)

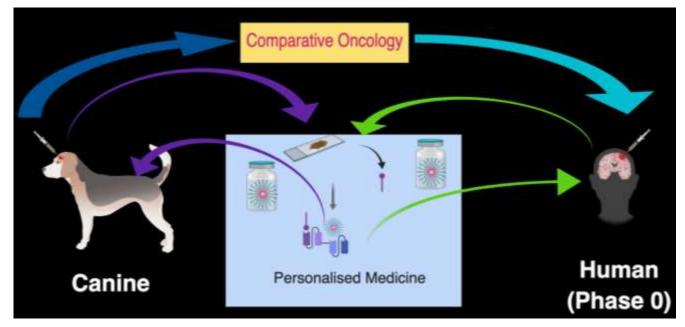
Merge

33

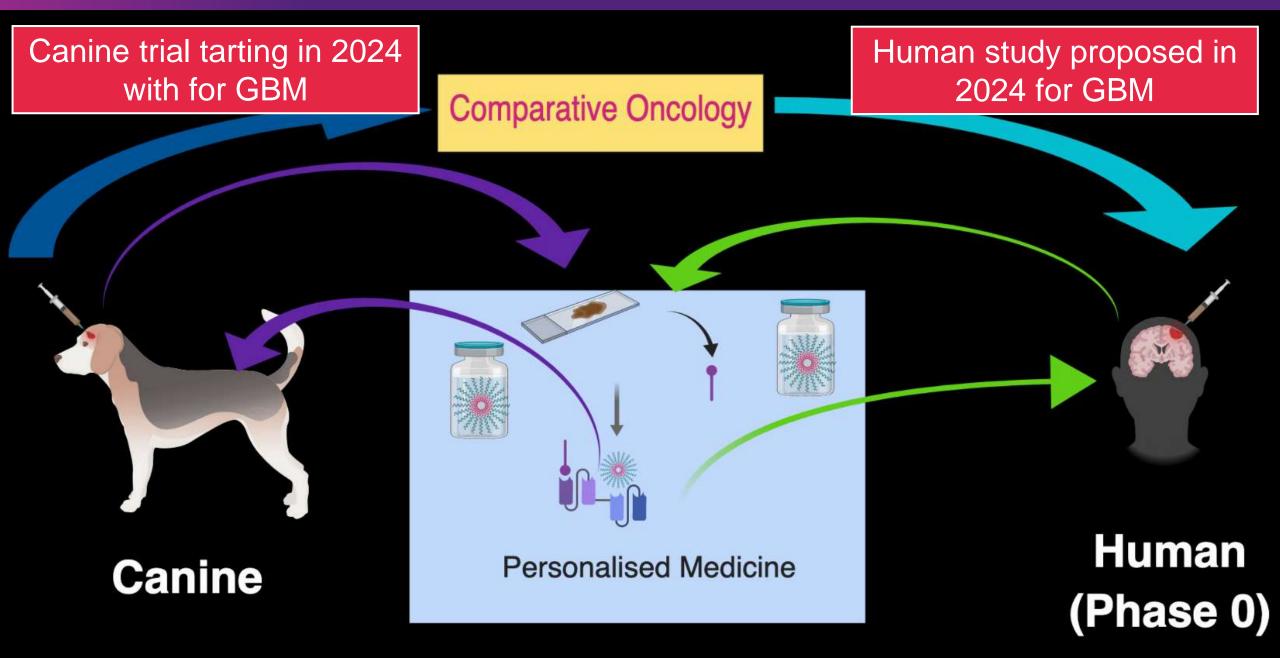
## **Current research focus – our challenges in nanomedicine**

#### **Biodistribution, retention, clearance...**

- 1. The immune system; how it affects our development of nanomedicines
- 2. The stealth conundrum; decoration of polymers with biological molecules intrinsically modulates *"stealthiness*" of the particle.
- Our translational pathway → clinical personalised nanomedicine.

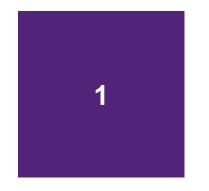






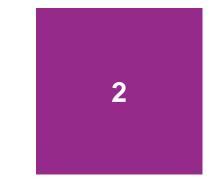


#### Milestones to Clinical Translation of Nanomaterials



#### Get a lead candidate

- Easy to synthesize
- High yield
- Tuneable



#### **Therapeutic Profile**

- Cytotoxicity
- In Vivo Toxicity
- Biodistribution
- Targeting

•



#### Safety & Tolerability

- Maximum Tolerated Dose
- Systemic Toxicity
- Safety for Medical Staff

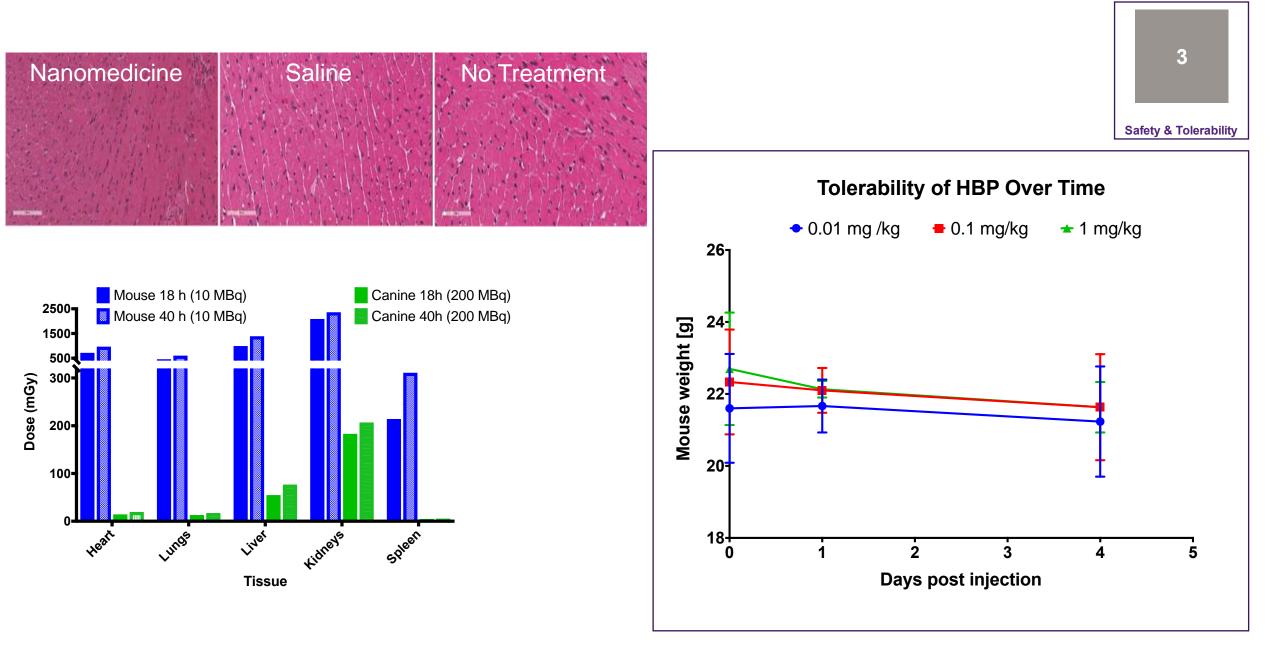


#### QC & Manufacturing

- Scale-up
- Purity
- Reproducibility
- Consistency
- GMP Process

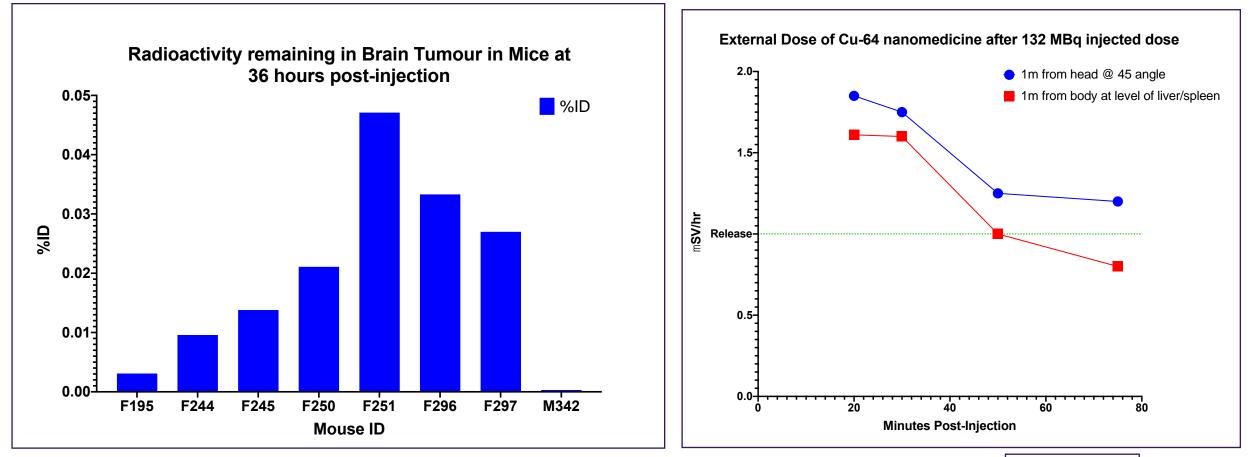
Talelli, M. et al. Nano Today 10, 93-117, doi:10.1016/j.nantod.2015.01.005 (2015).





#### Safety to Staff and Doctors

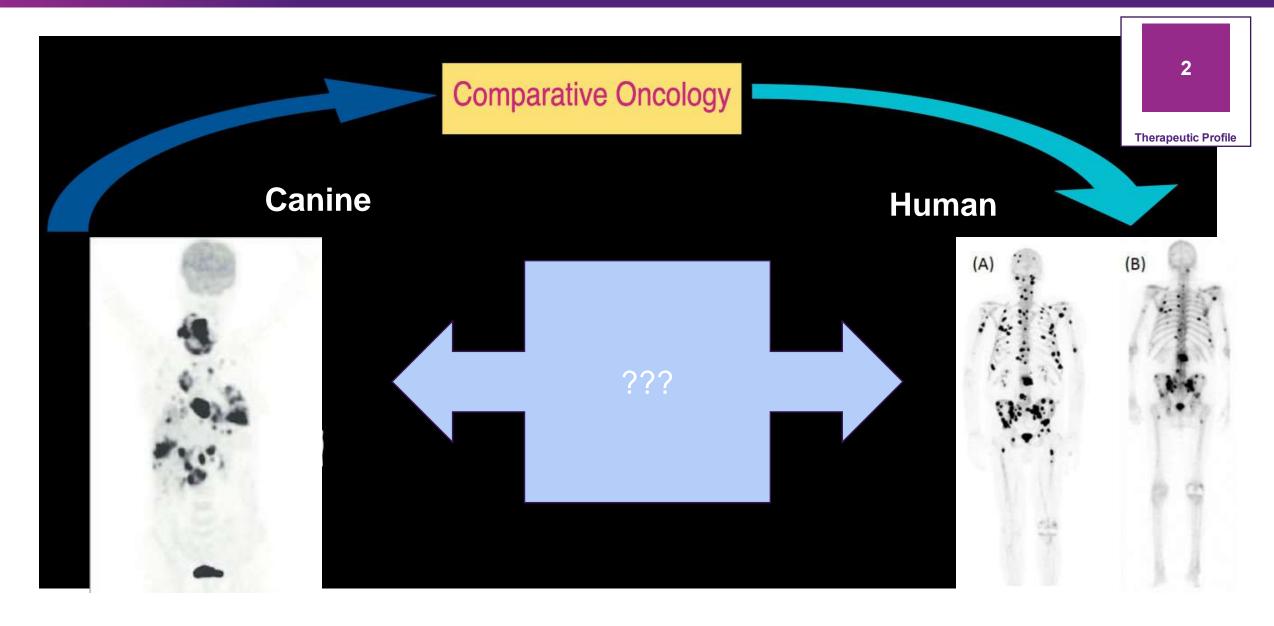






## **Comparative Oncology**

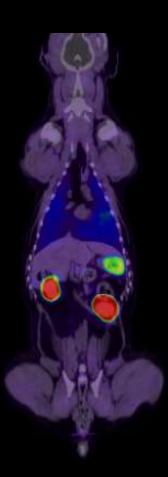




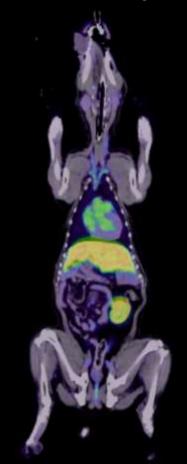
## **PET-CT Imaging Overview:**



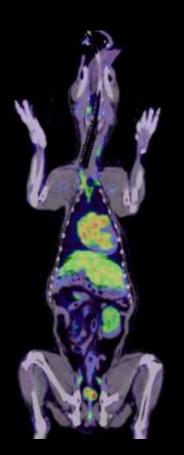
Clinical Standard



Nanomedicine with Clinical Target

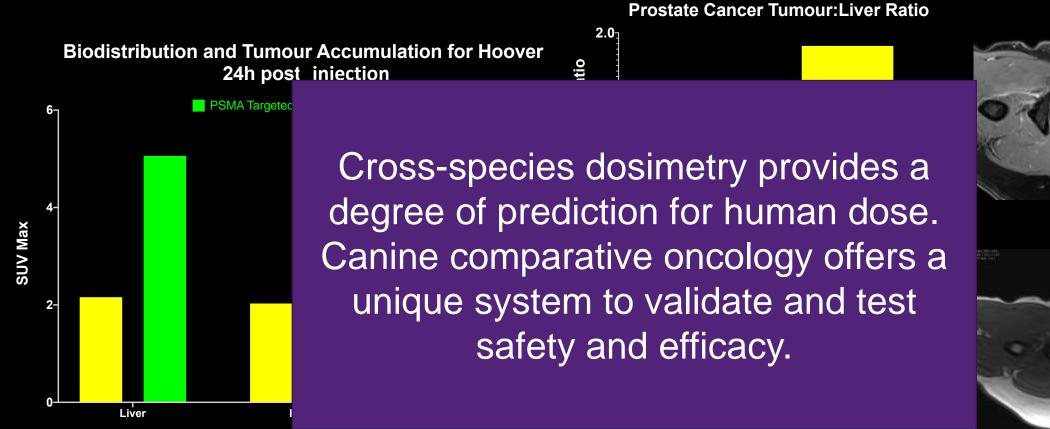


Personalised Nanomedicine



#### Precision nanotheranostic in canines







## Acknowledgements QLD Uni Te

#### Uni of Queensland

#### Imaging

Assoc. Prof Idriss Blak Dr Barbara Rolfe Dr Zach Houston Dr Nick Fletche Dr Craig Bell Dr James Hu Dr Gayathri Drug Delive Dr Chris Howa Ms Amber Pric Dr Amal Sivara Dr Arun Balaji

#### Clinical

Mark Pinkham (PAH) Dr Sunil Lakhani (RBW) Rod Straw (BVSC)

#### *Facilities* NIF, ANFF, NBF, TIA



The University

OF QUEENSLAND

Biongineering and Nanotechnolog

n Australia ndation Foundation

#### ational maging Facility

An ARC Industrial Transformation Training Centre



THE UNIVERSITY OF QUEENSLAND

QB Queensland Brain Institute