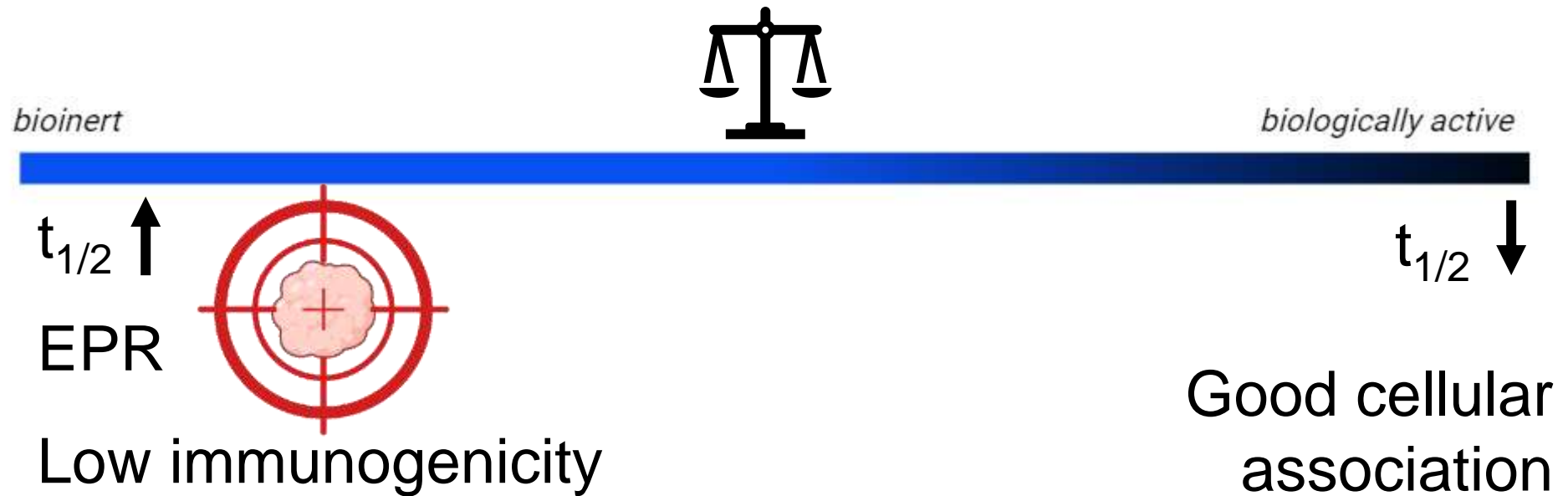


# Using pH-responsive PEG cleavage to improve association of cationic hyperbranched polymers with tumours



Thomas Jarrett

Supervisors: Prof Kris Thurecht, Dr Craig Bell, Dr Rhia Stone, Dr Nick Fletcher



Review article

## Stealth nanoparticles in oncology: Facing the PEG dilemma

[Sara Zalba](#)<sup>a,b</sup>, [Timo L.M. ten Hagen](#)<sup>c</sup>, [Carmen Burgui](#)<sup>a</sup>, [María J. Garrido](#)<sup>a,b</sup>  

# Polymers for drug delivery



*bioinert*

*biologically active*



*biological activity*

Hydrophobic, small,  
cationic

Hydrophilic, neutral

*target site*

# Polymers for drug delivery



*bioinert*

*biologically active*



*biological activity*

“Smart”  
nanomedicines?

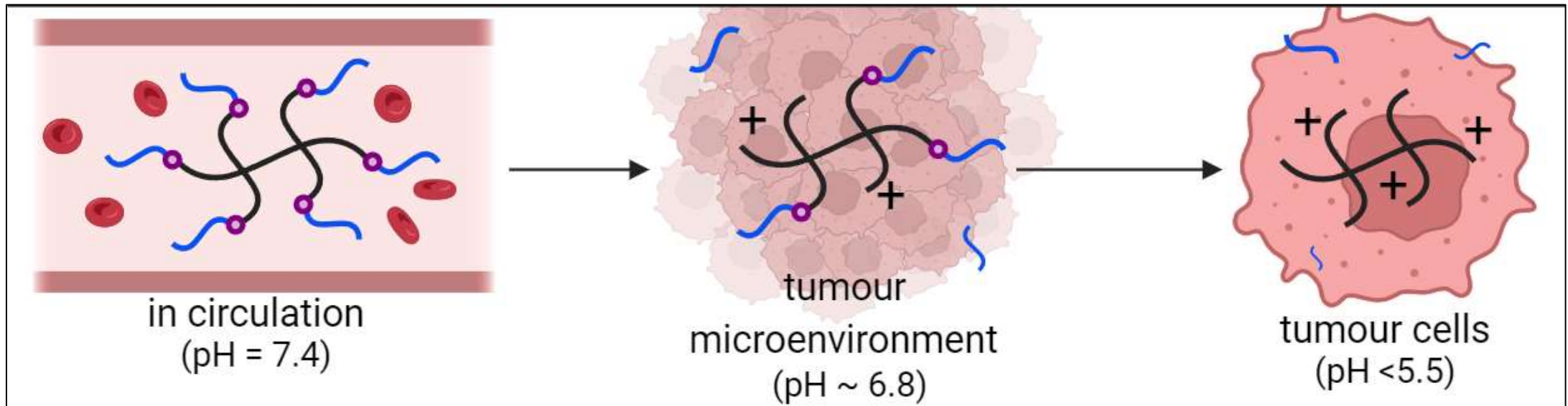
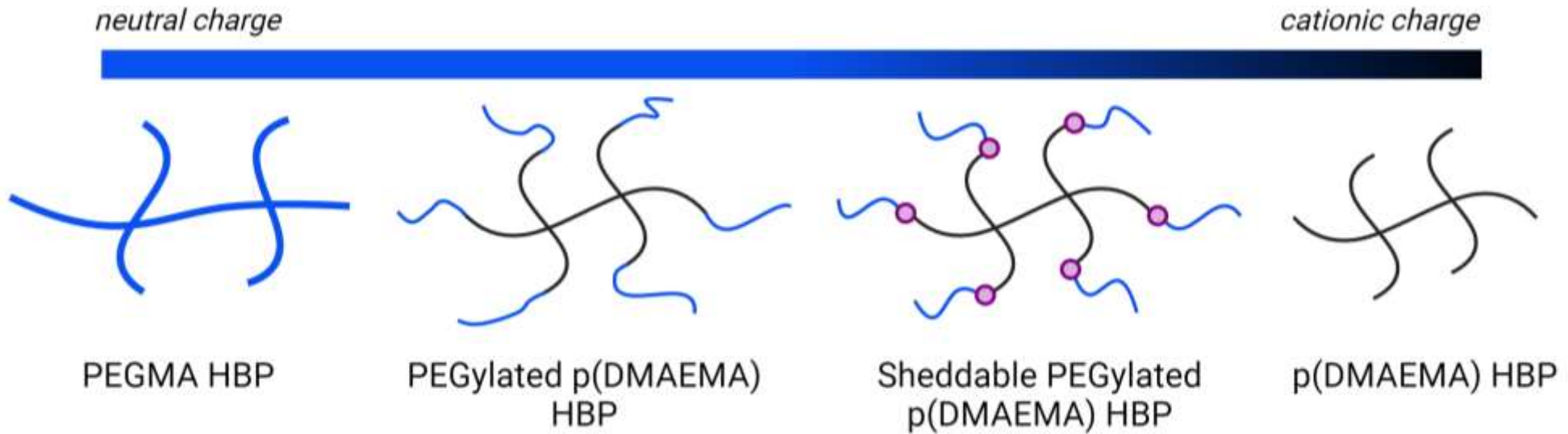
Hydrophobic, small,  
cationic

Stimuli (exogenous or  
endogenous)

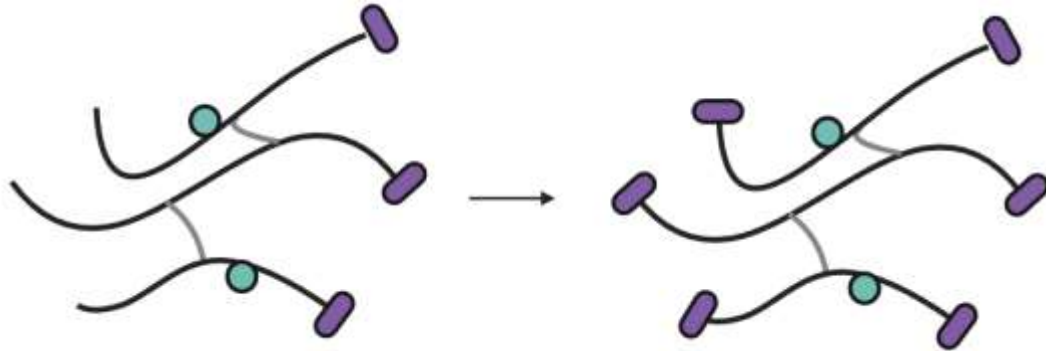
Hydrophilic, neutral

*target site*

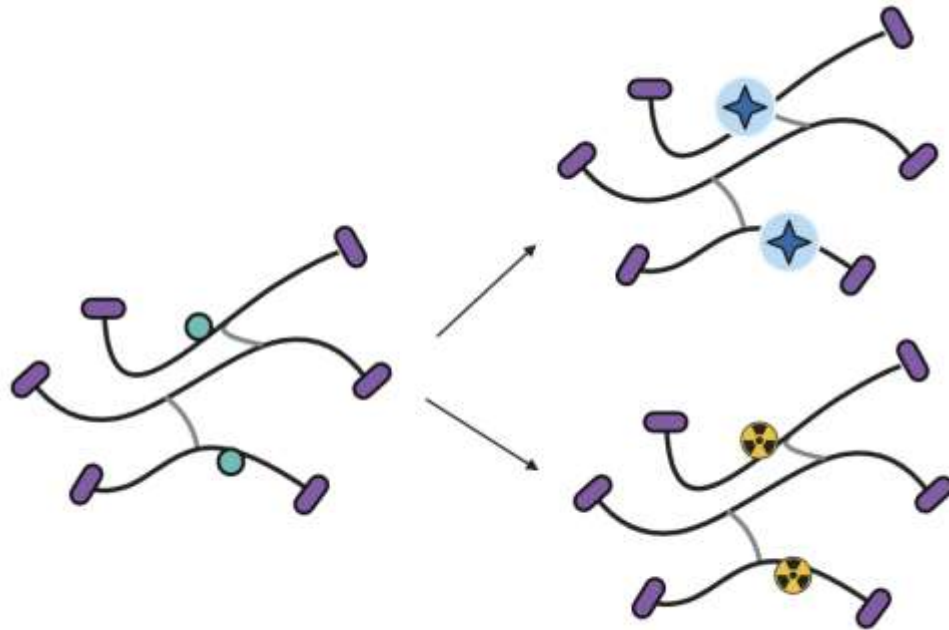
# System aim



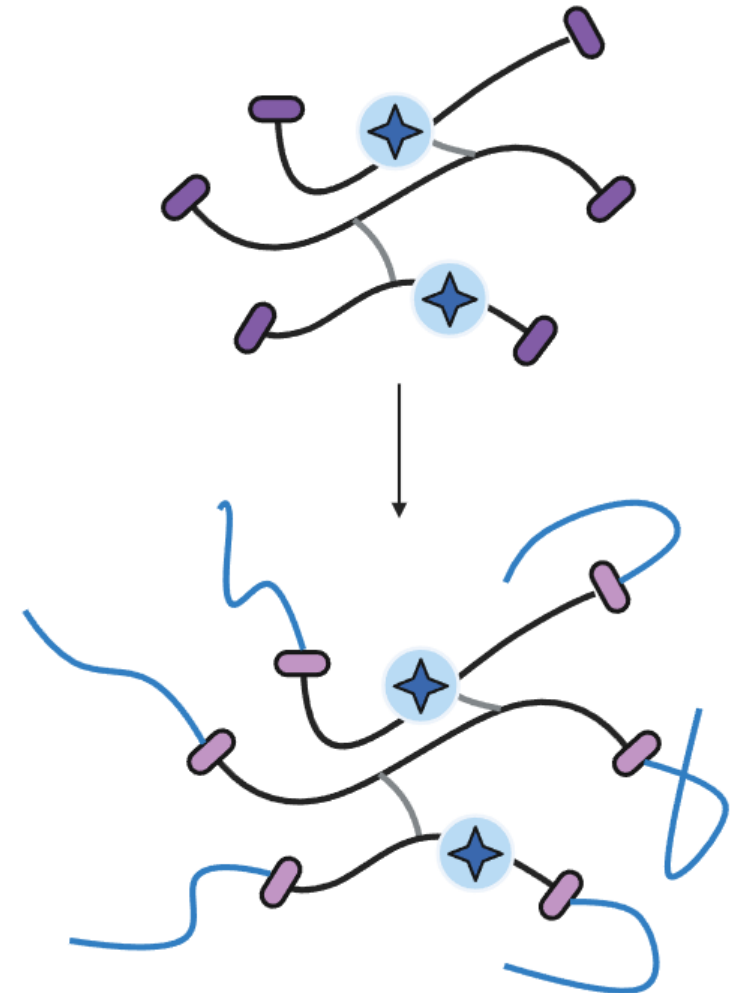
## 1. Polymerisation & modification



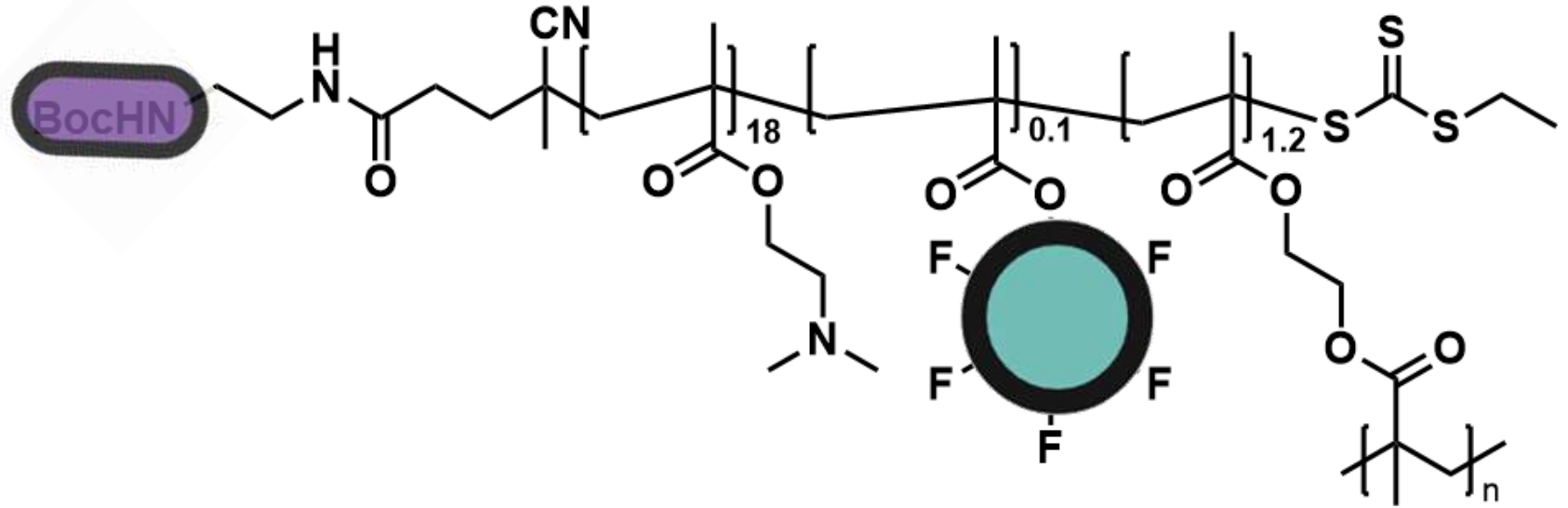
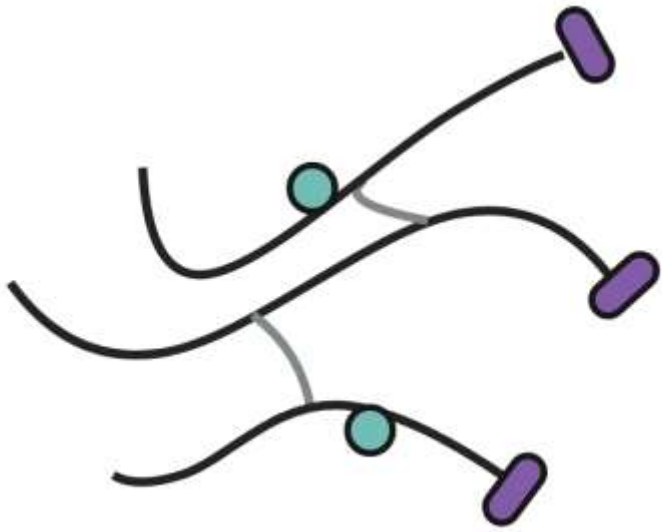
## 2. Incorporate imaging modality



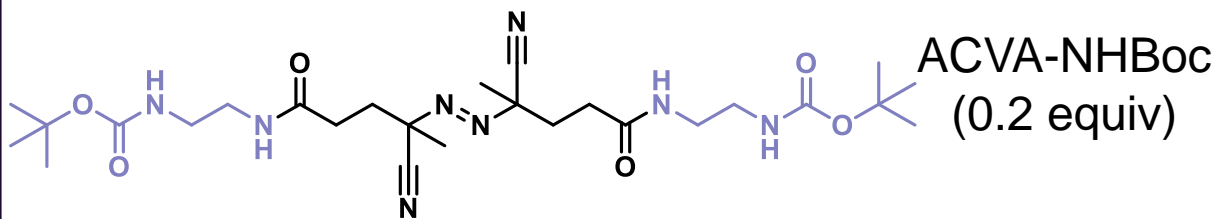
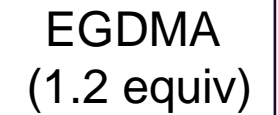
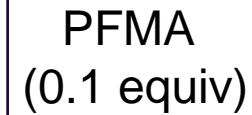
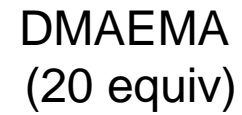
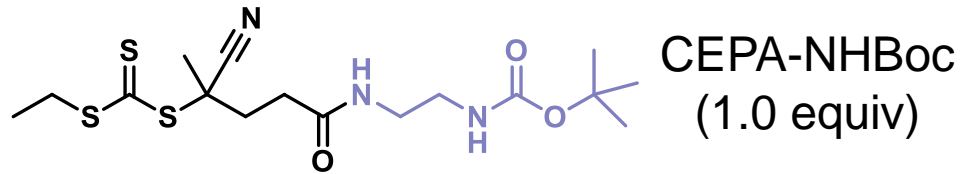
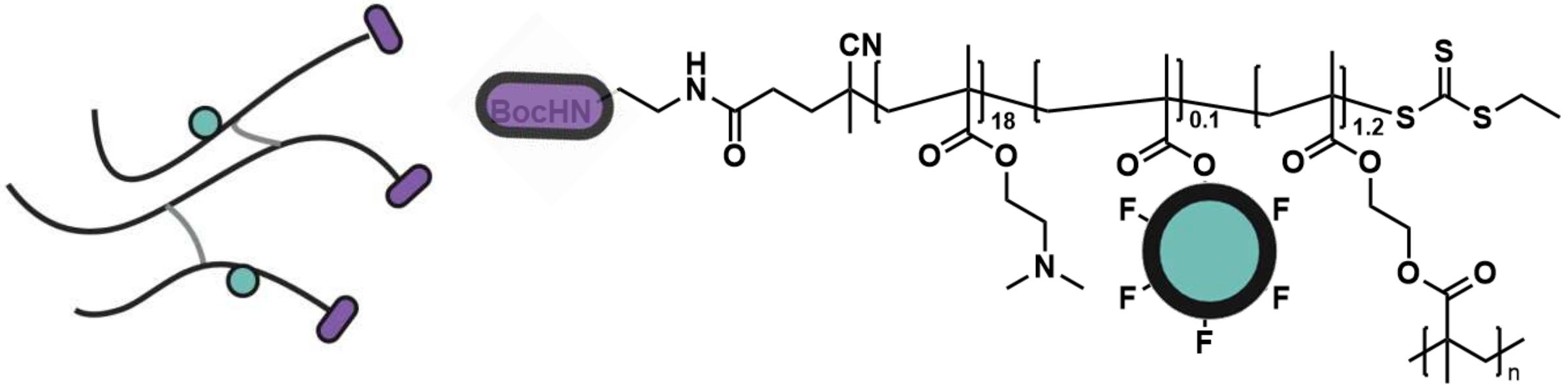
## 3. Incorporate PEG moiety



# 1. Synthesis and modification

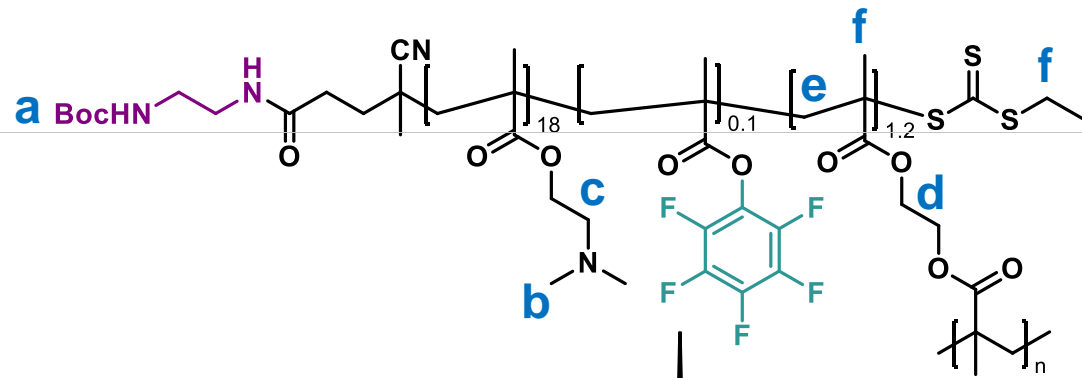


# 1. Synthesis and modification

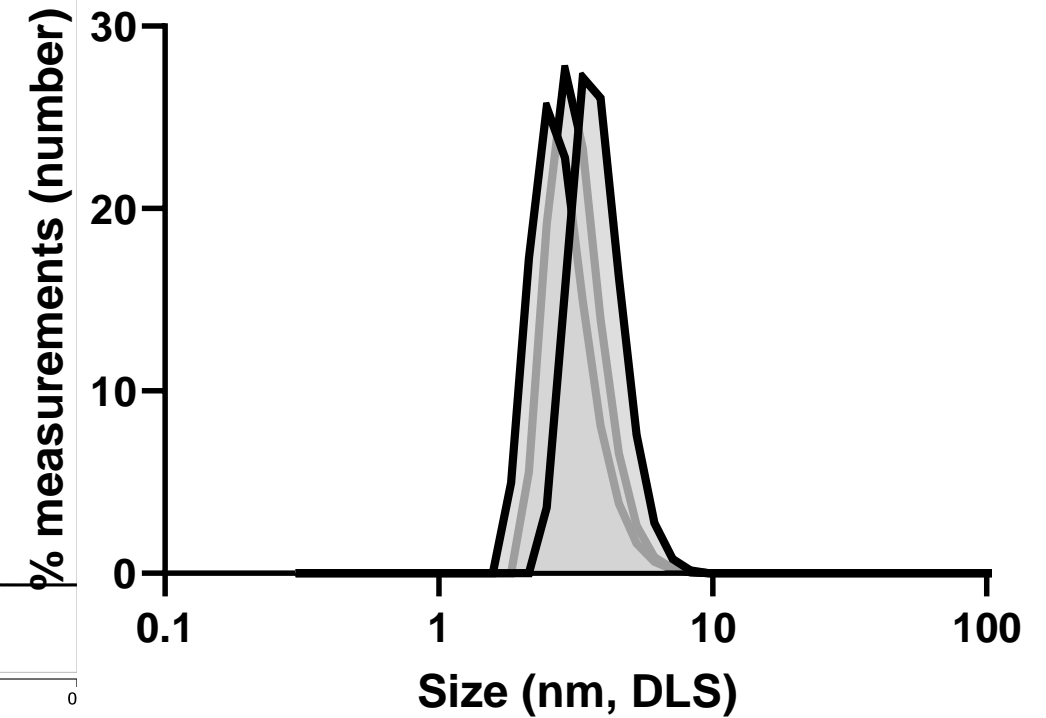
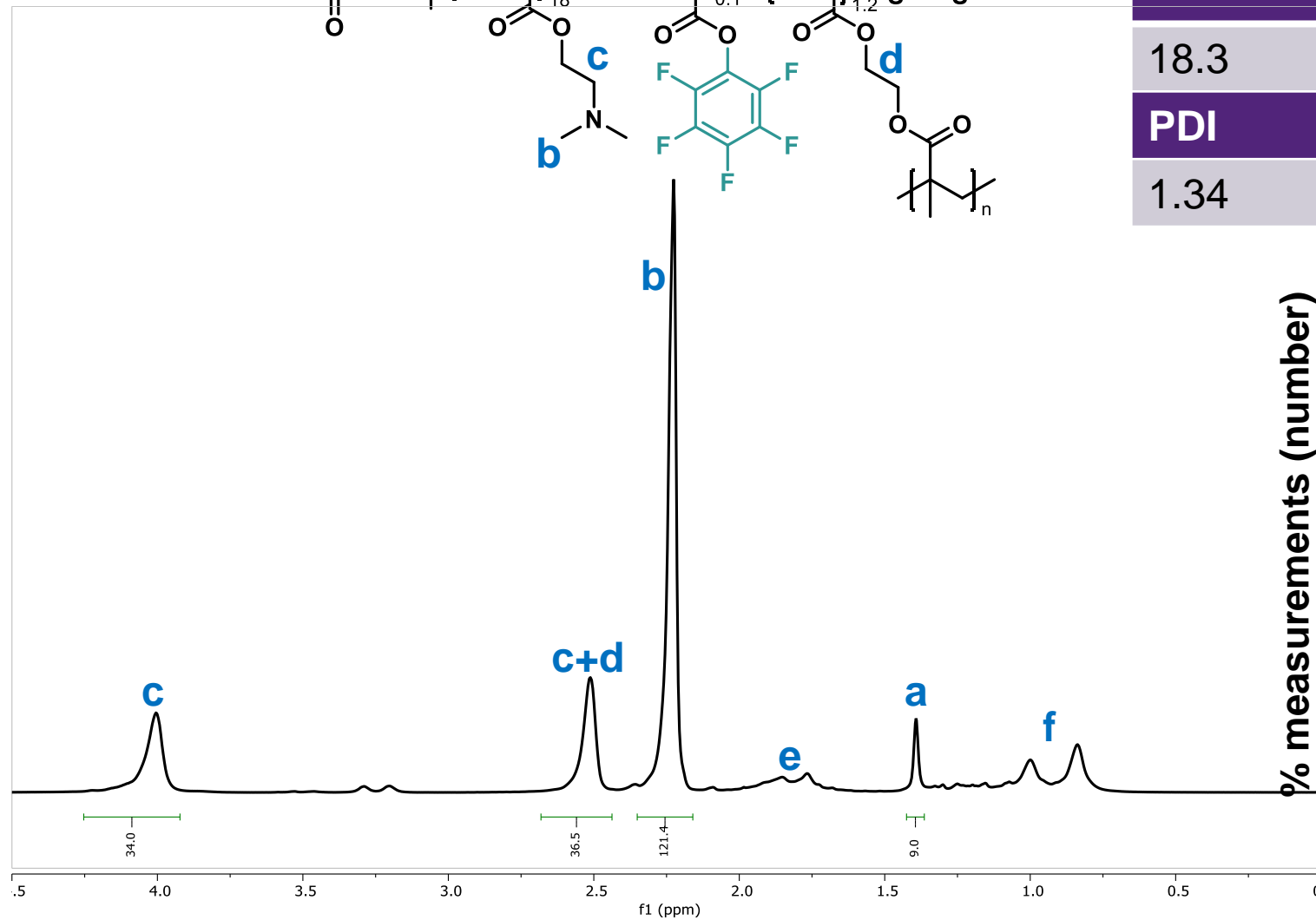




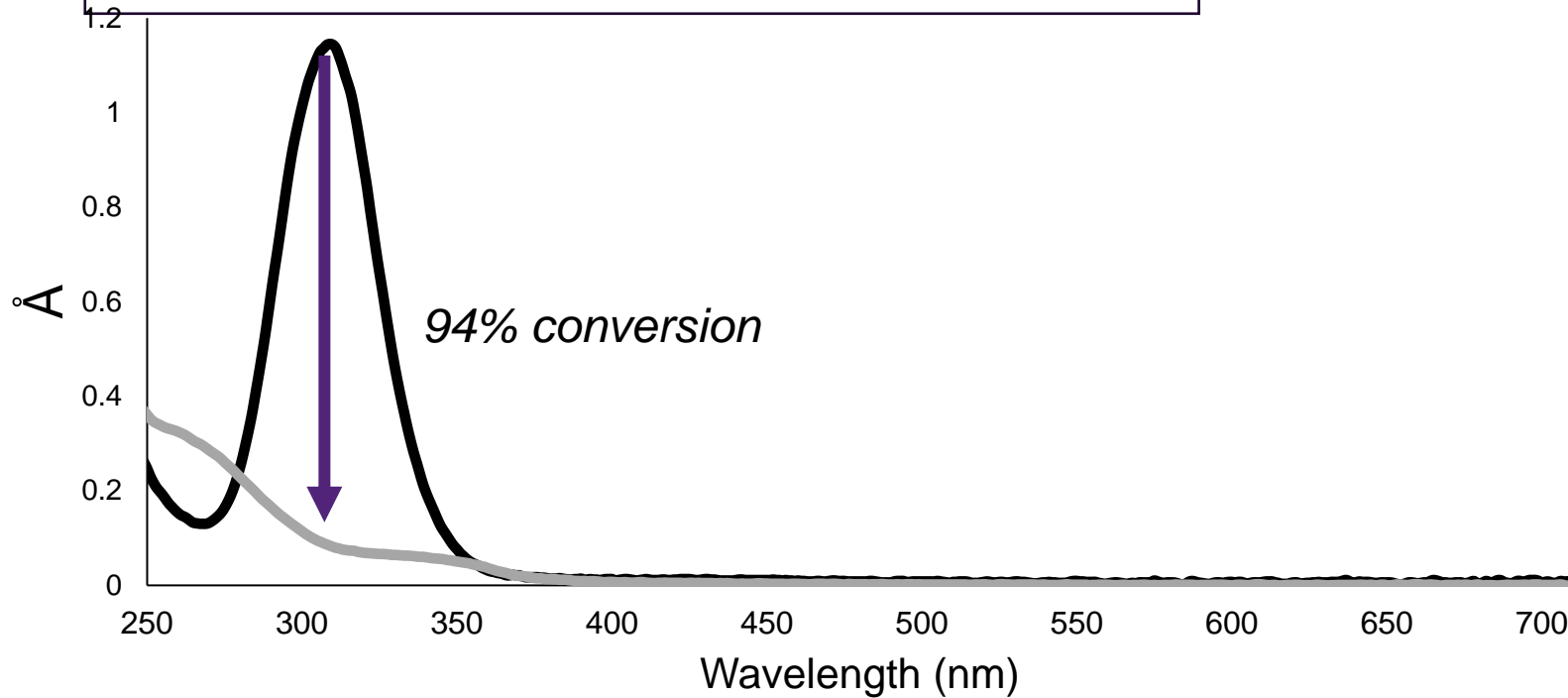
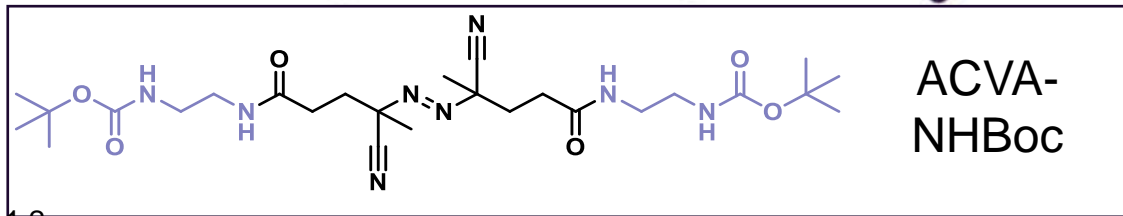
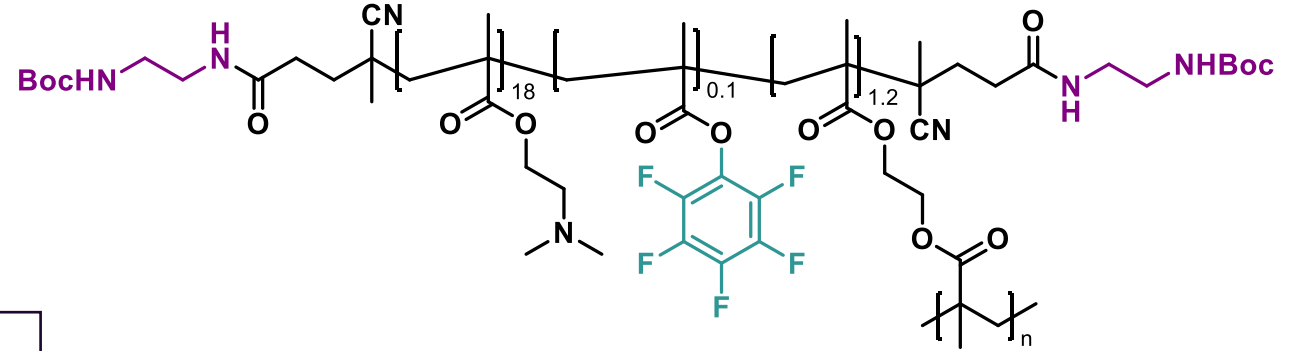
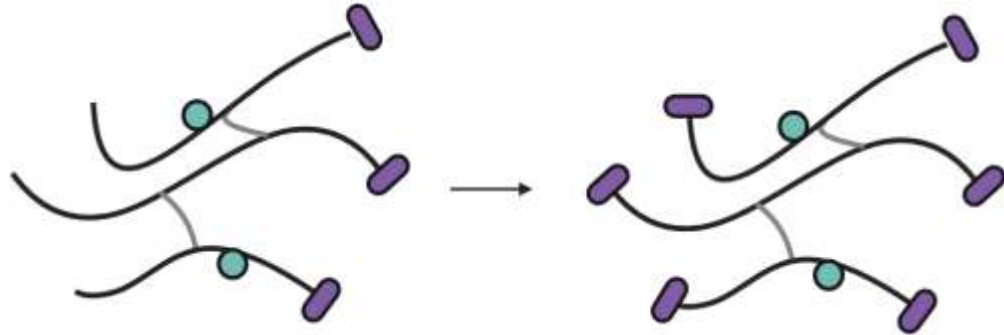
# 1. Synthesis and modification



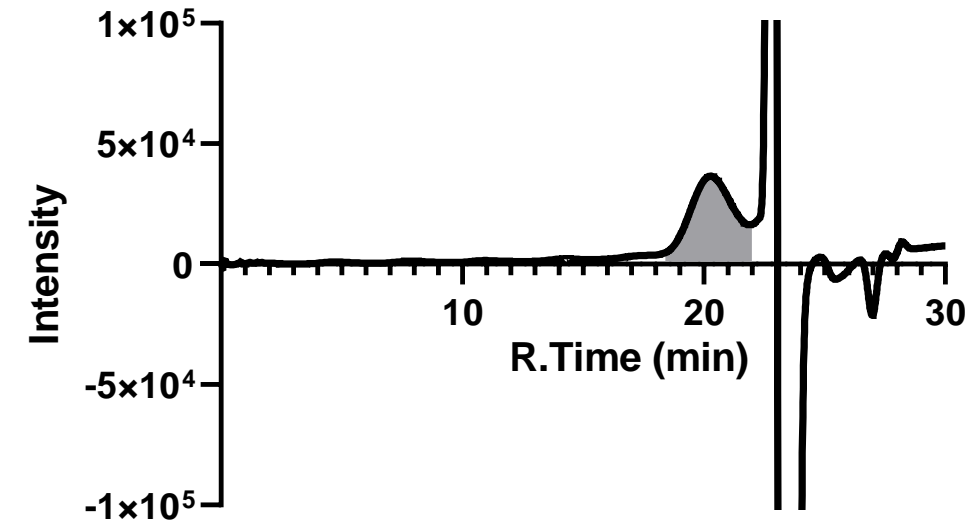
DP	Arm $M_n$	$M_n$ (MALS)	No. arms
18.3	3650 Da	31.1 kDa	8.5
PDI	Conv. %	DLS	Charge
1.34	97%	2.8 nm	33 mV



# 1. Synthesis and modification



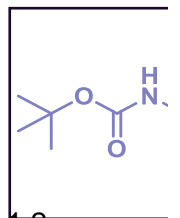
HBP-NHBoc GPC



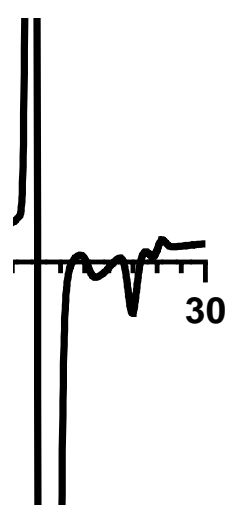
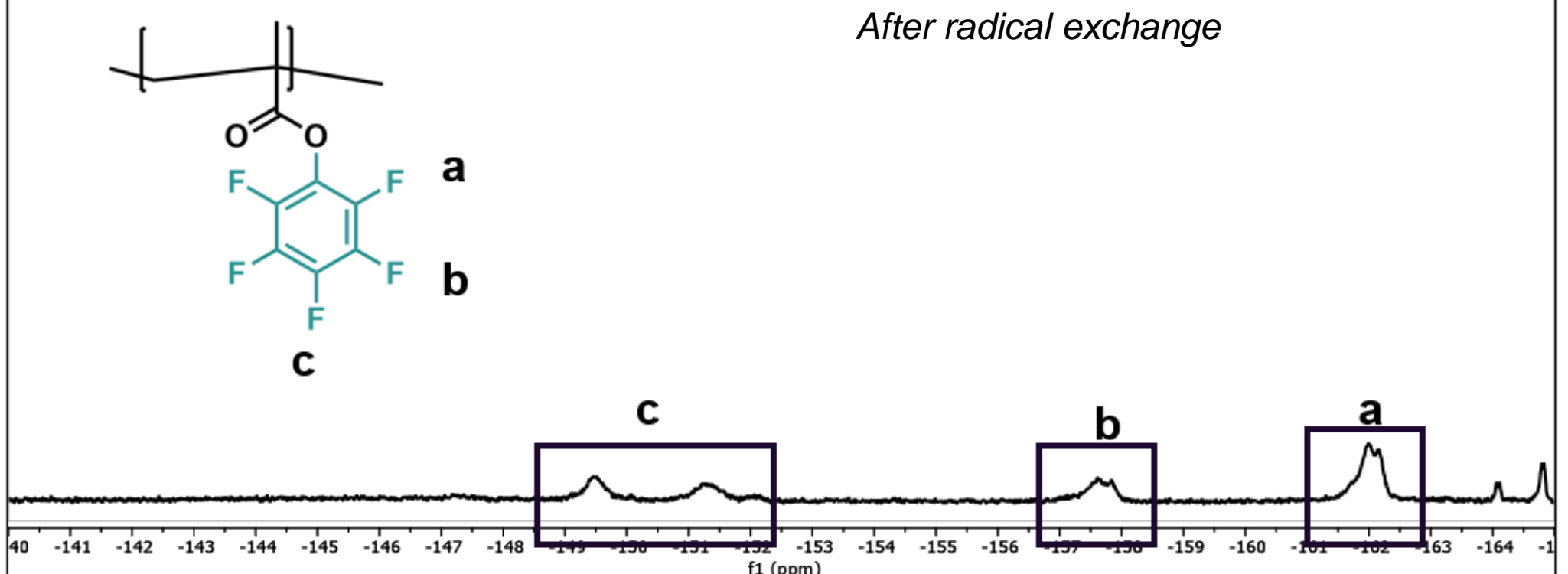
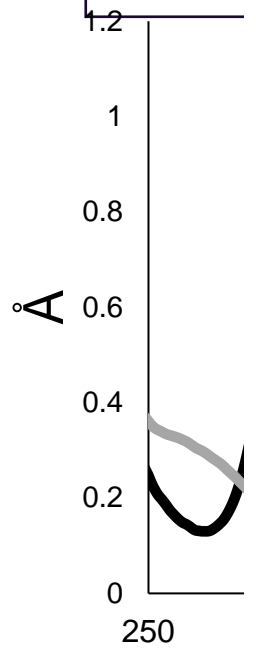
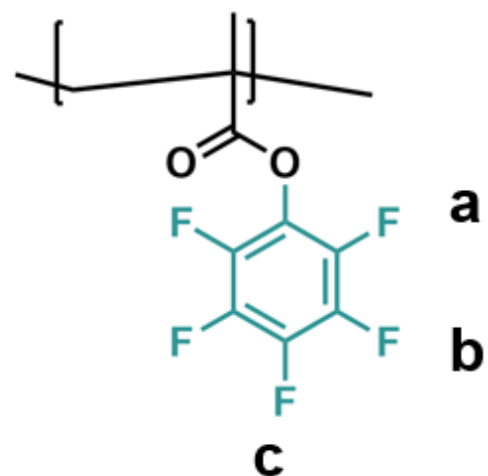
1.

*Before radical exchange*

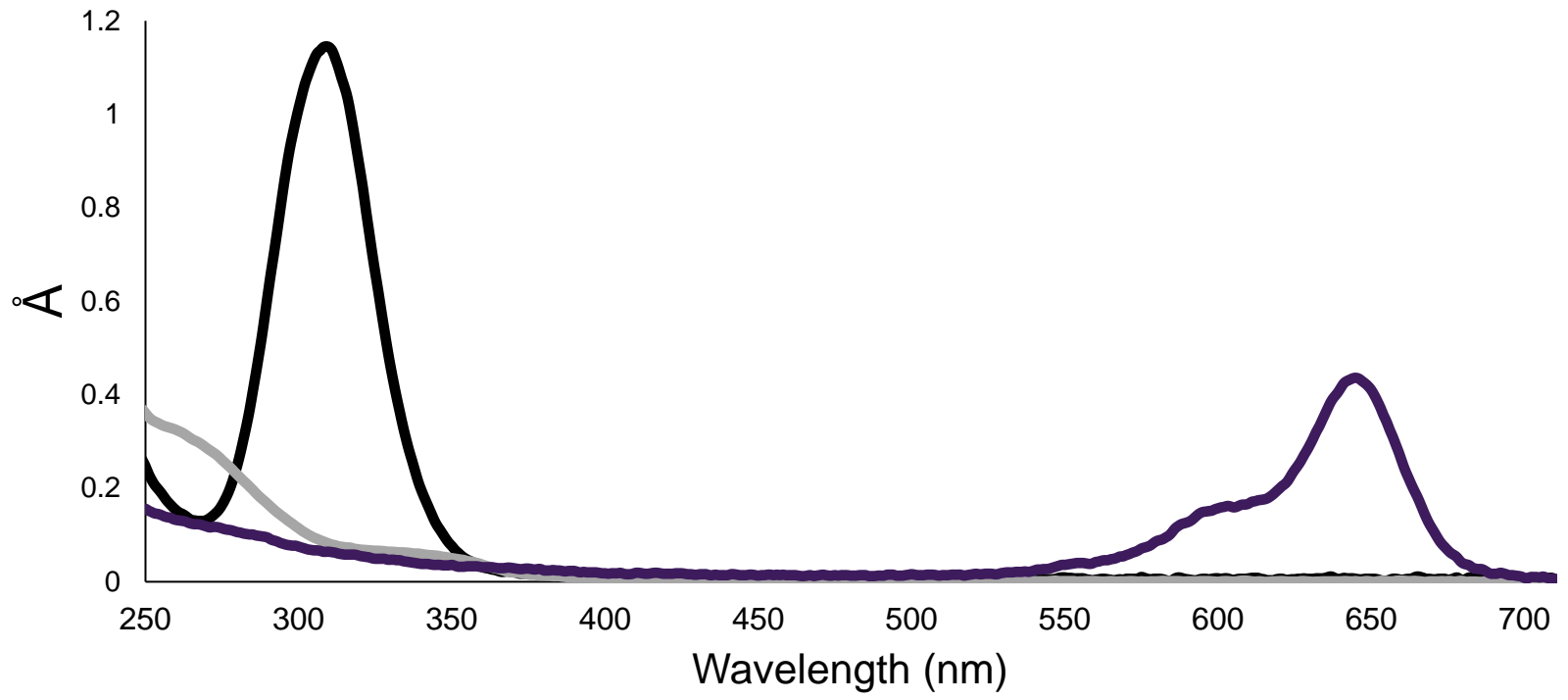
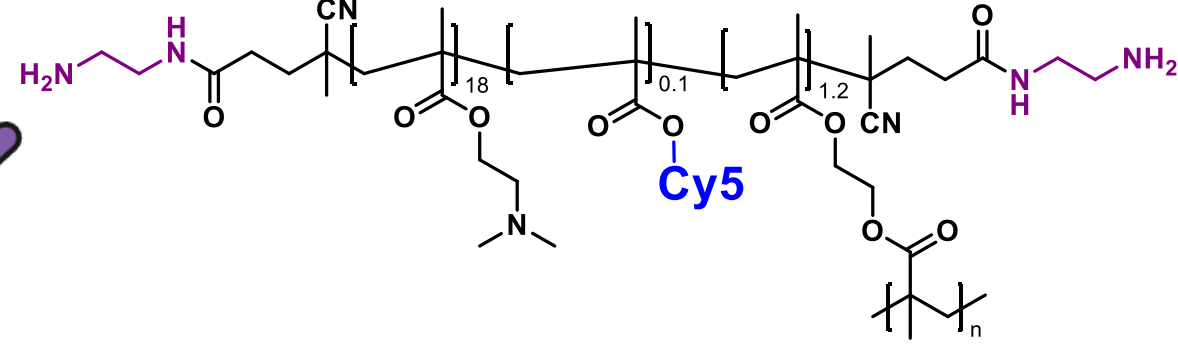
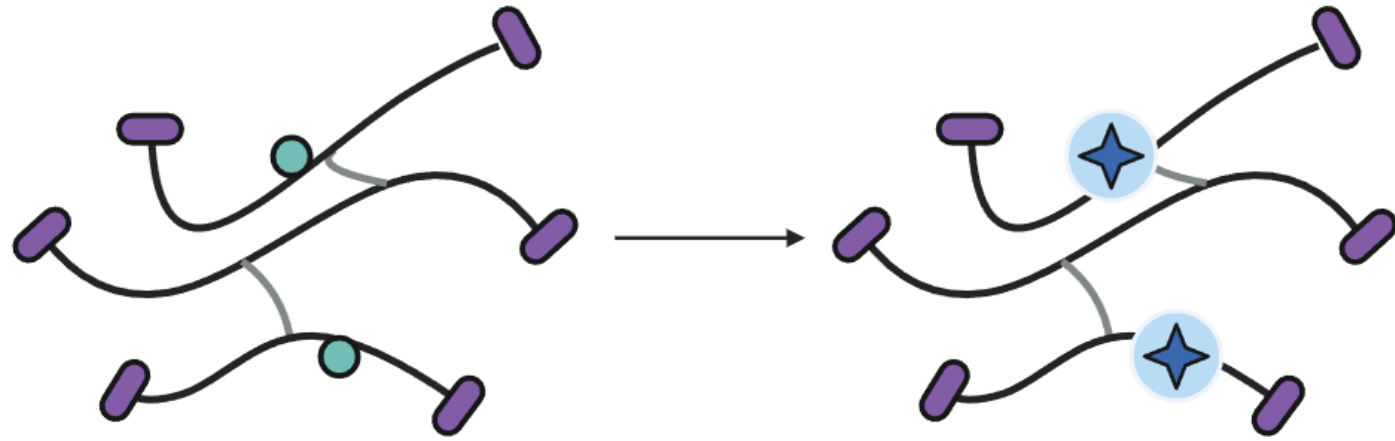
NHBoc



*After radical exchange*



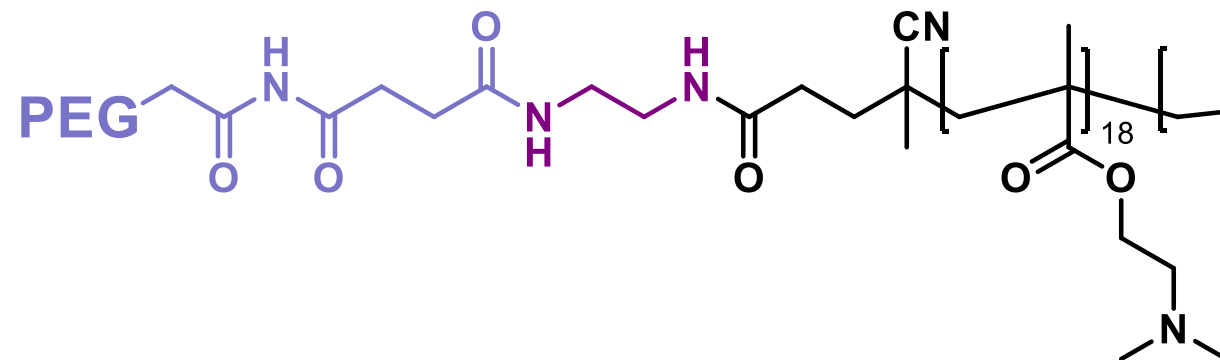
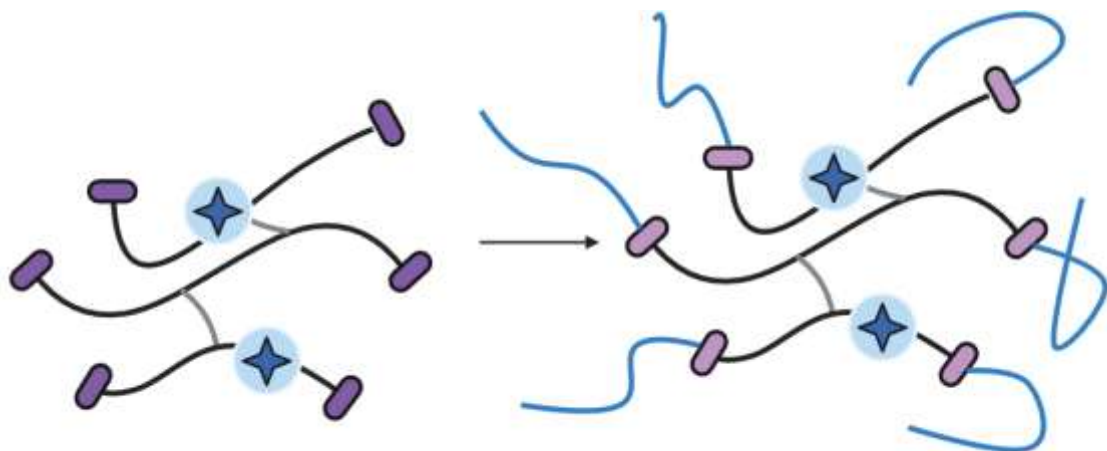
# 2. Incorporate imaging modality



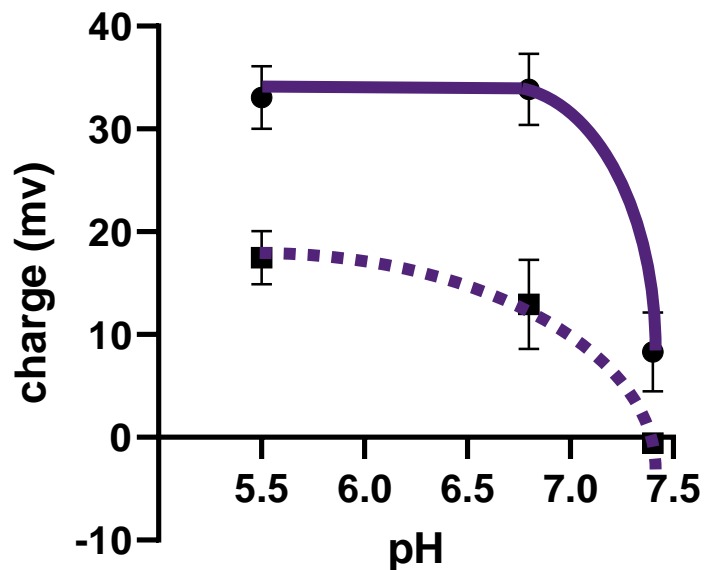
~2.5 dyes per HBP

— PDMAEMA    — PDMAEMA-NHBoc    — After Cy5 incorporation

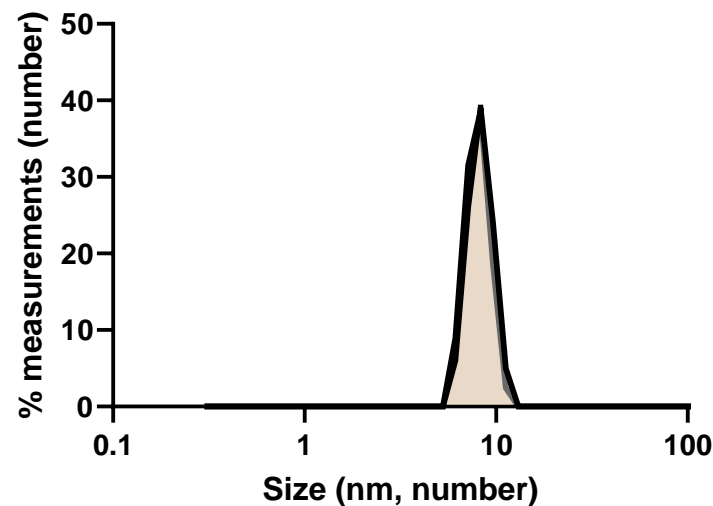
# 3. Incorporating PEG moieties



**Polymer charge**



- PDMAEMA
- PEG-PDMAEMA

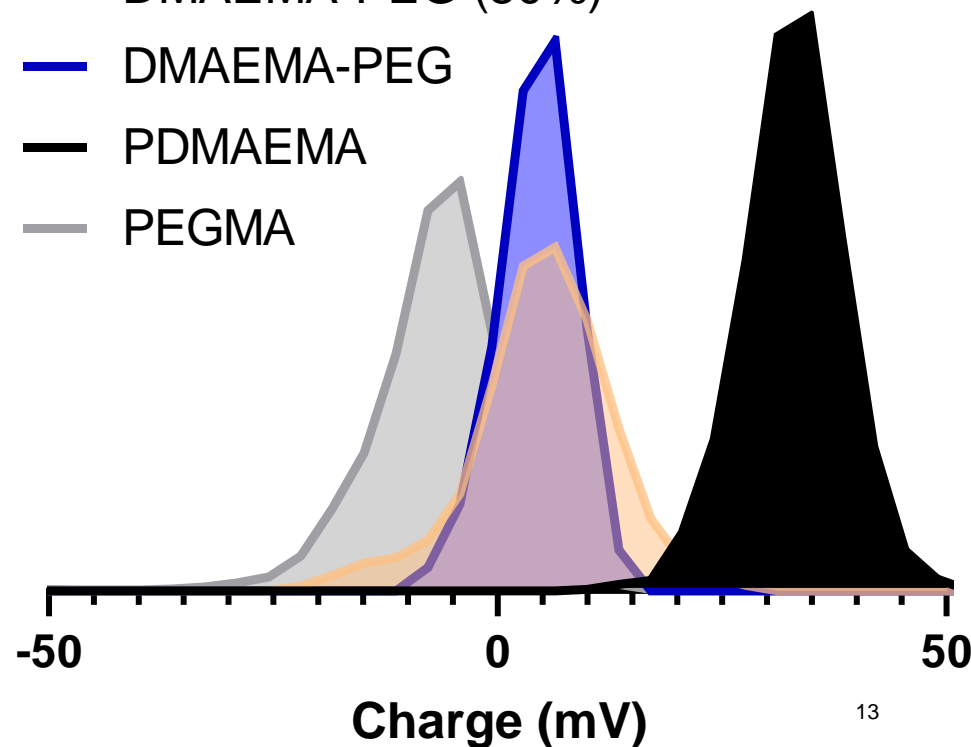


— DMAEMA-PEG (50%)

— DMAEMA-PEG

— PDMAEMA

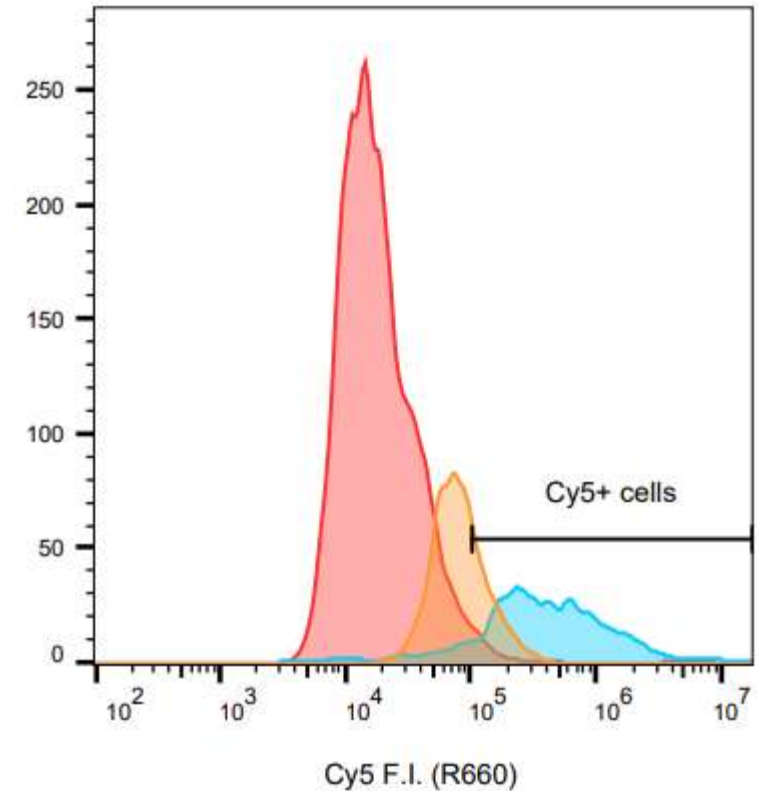
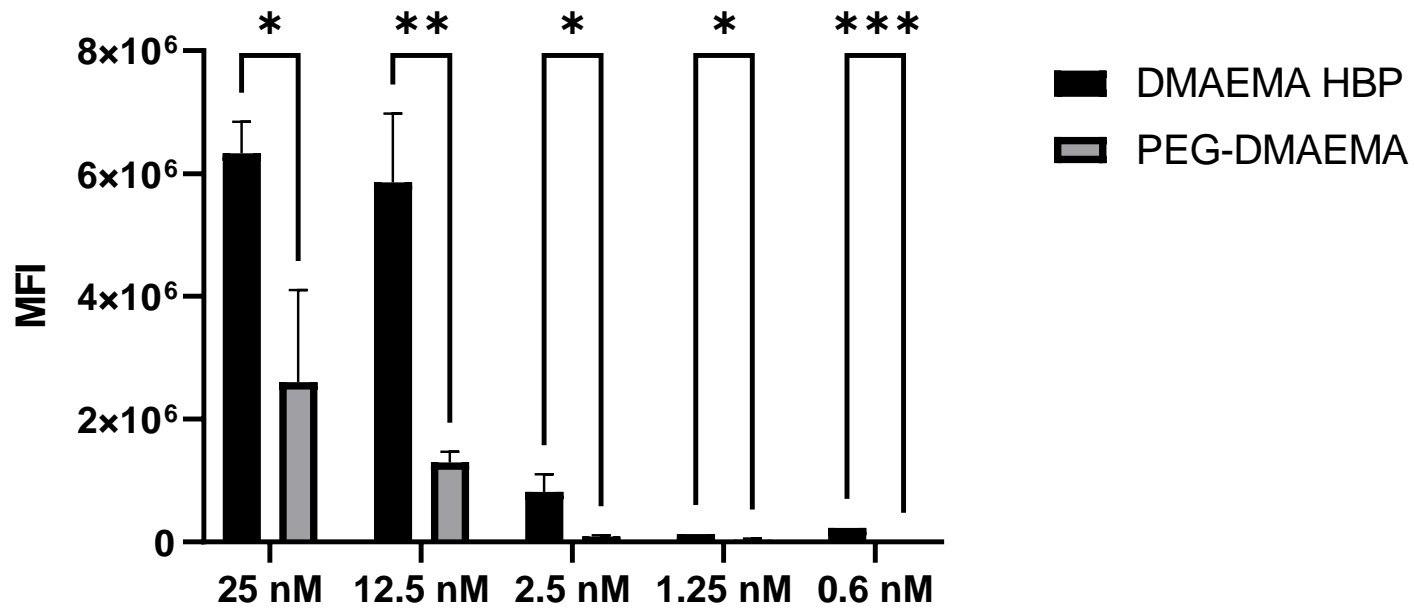
— PEGMA



# PDMAEMA vs PEG-DMAEMA

PEG increases polymer bioinertness across all concentrations

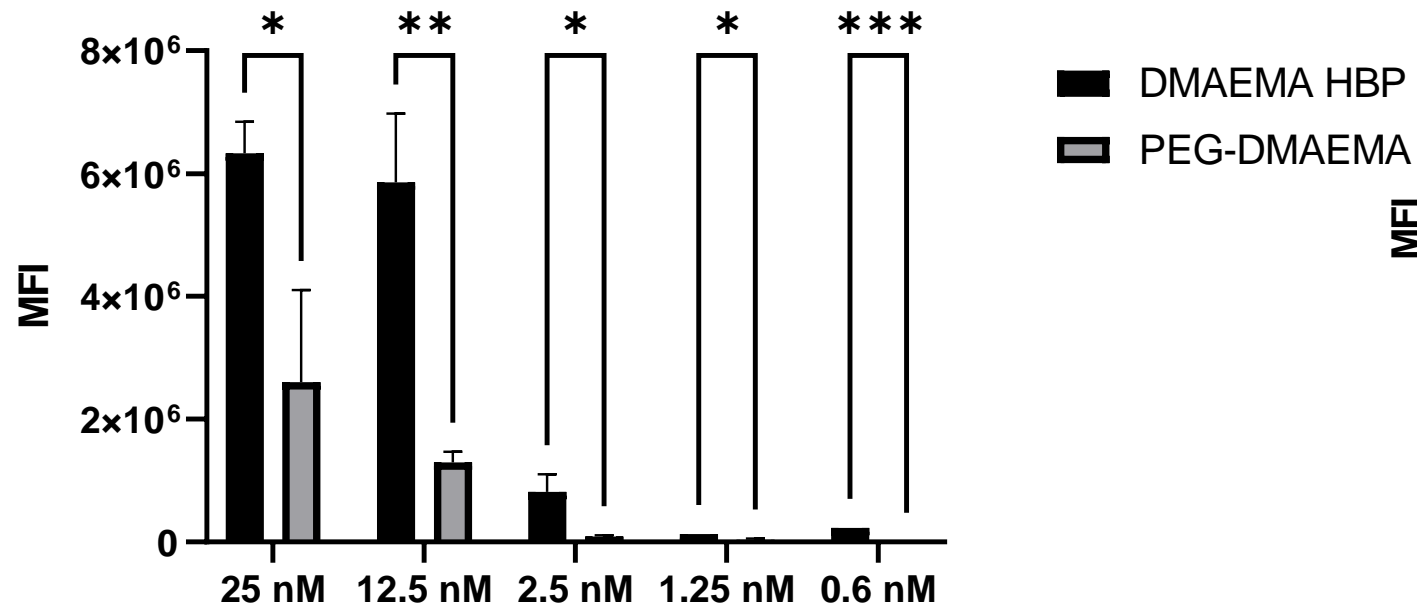
## Cellular Association of PEGylated vs unPEGylated DMAEMA



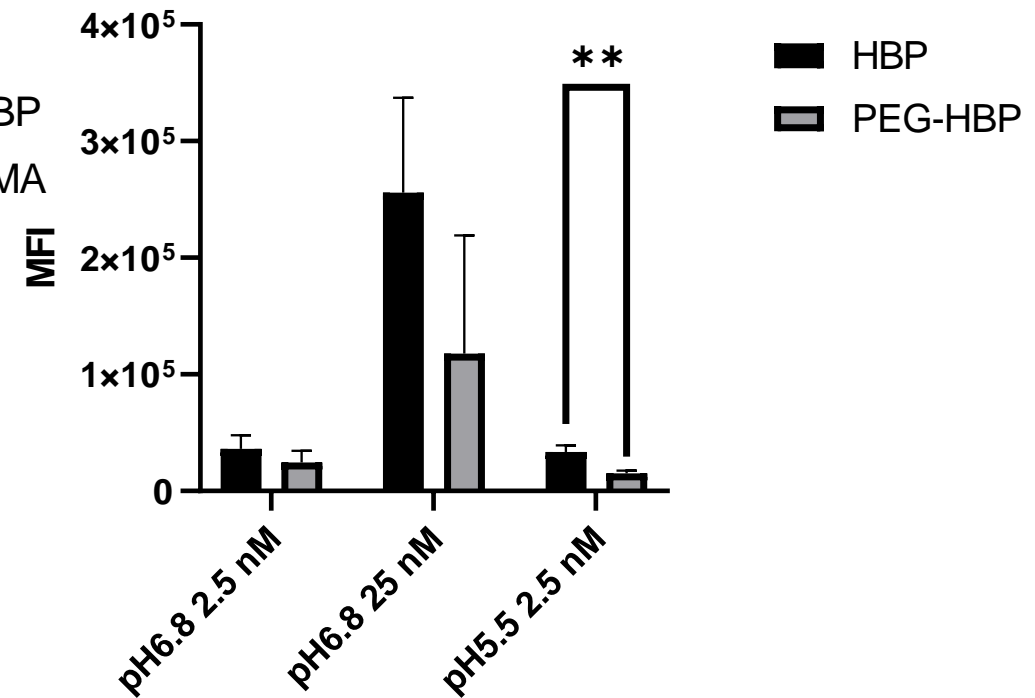
# PDMAEMA vs PEG-DMAEMA

PEG increases polymer bioinertness across all concentrations

### Cellular Association of PEGylated vs unPEGylated DMAEMA

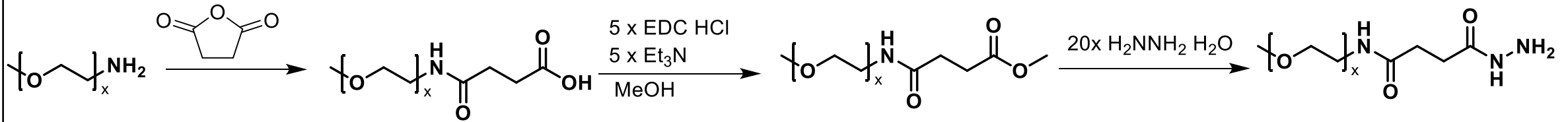


### pH variable flow

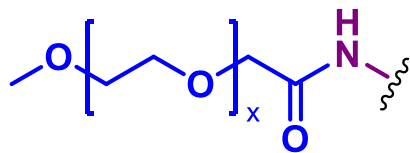


# 3. Incorporating PEG moieties

Acyl hydrazide

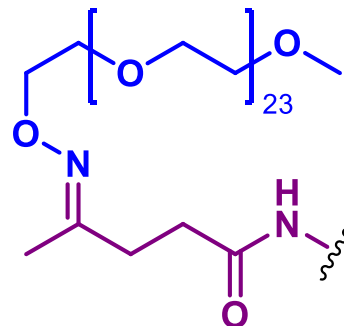


**Non-sheddable**



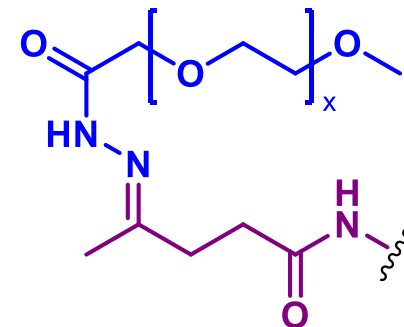
Amide stable in acid

**Oxime**



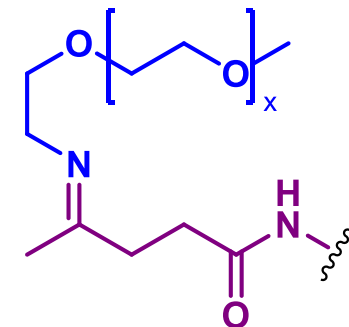
Slow cleavage

**Hydrazone**



Moderate cleavage

**Imine**

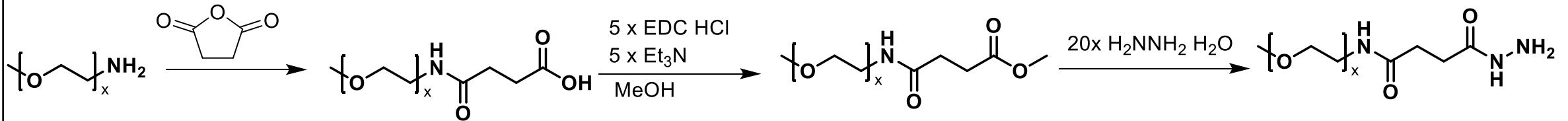


Fast cleavage in acid

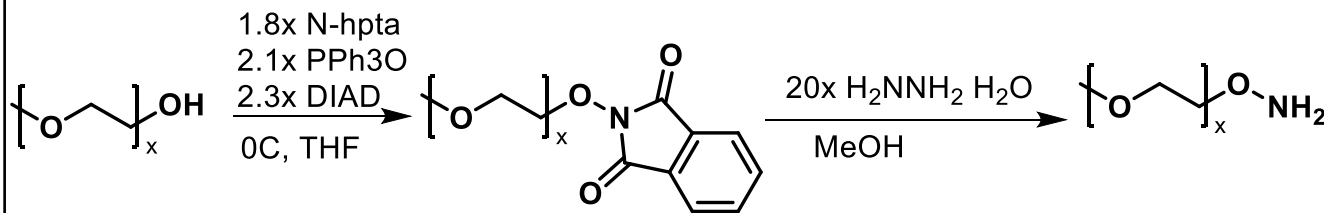


# 3. Incorporating PEG moieties

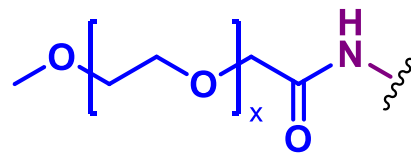
## Acyl hydrazide



## Hydroxylamine

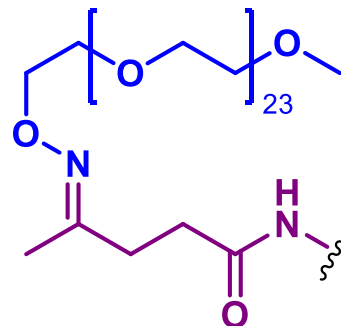


### Non-sheddable



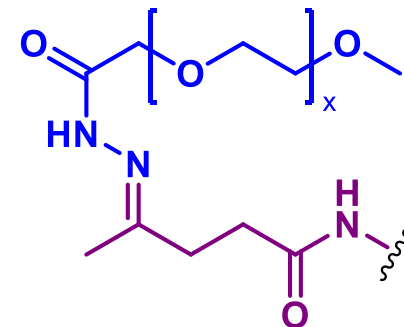
Amide stable in acid

### Oxime



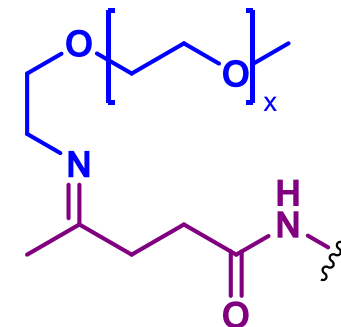
Slow cleavage

### Hydrazone



Moderate cleavage

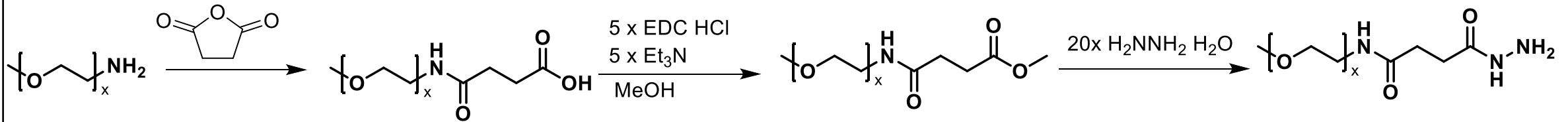
### Imine



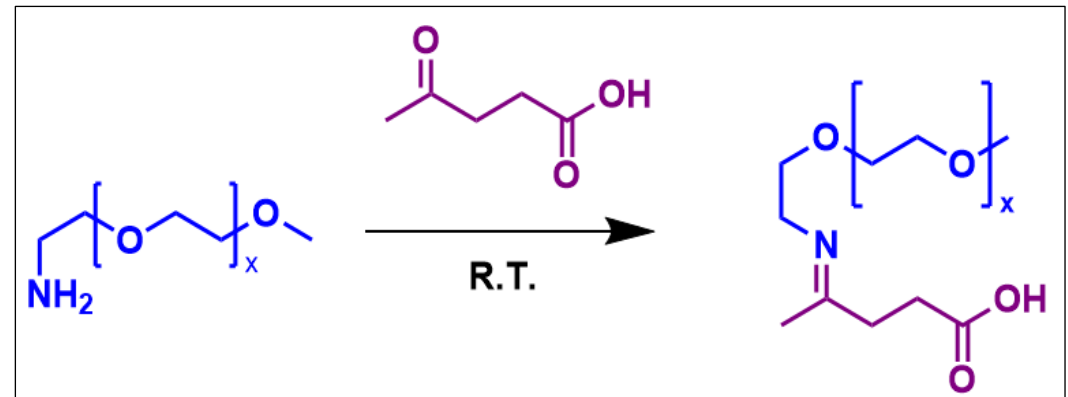
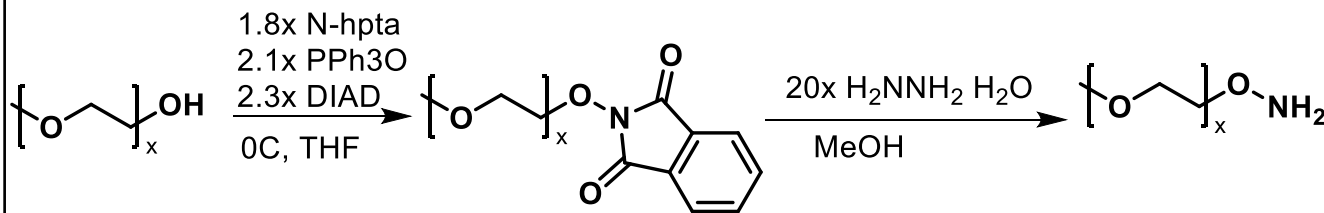
Fast cleavage in acid

# 3. Incorporating PEG moieties

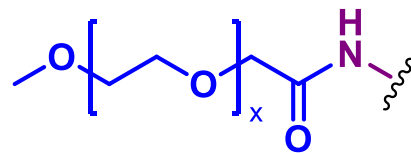
## Acyl hydrazide



## Hydroxylamine

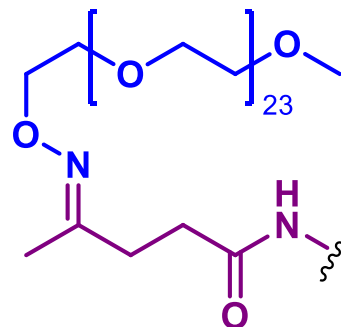


### Non-sheddable



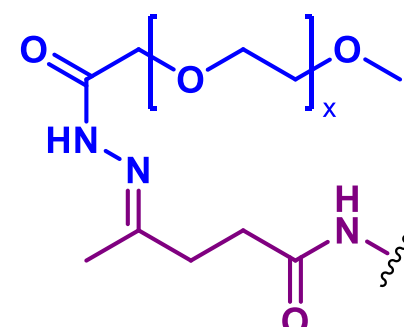
Amide stable in acid

### Oxime



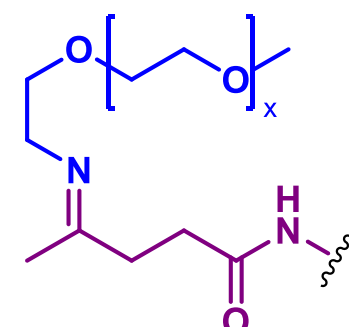
Slow cleavage

### Hydrazone



Moderate cleavage

### Imine

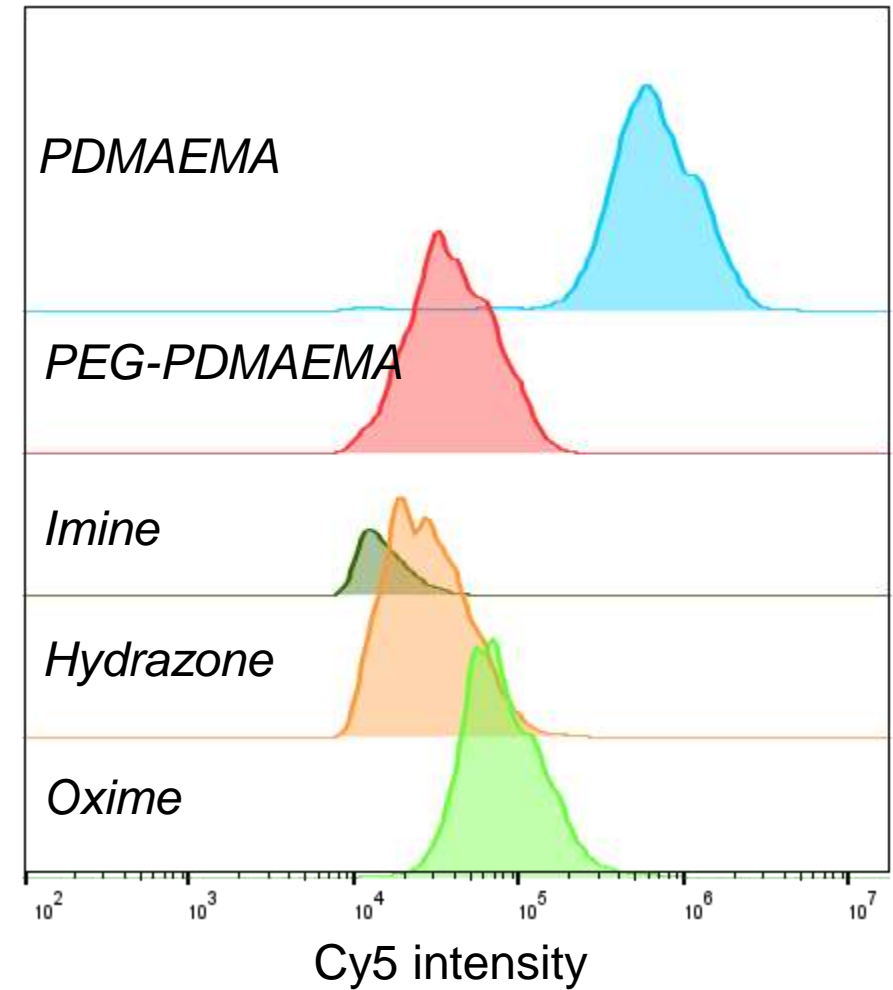
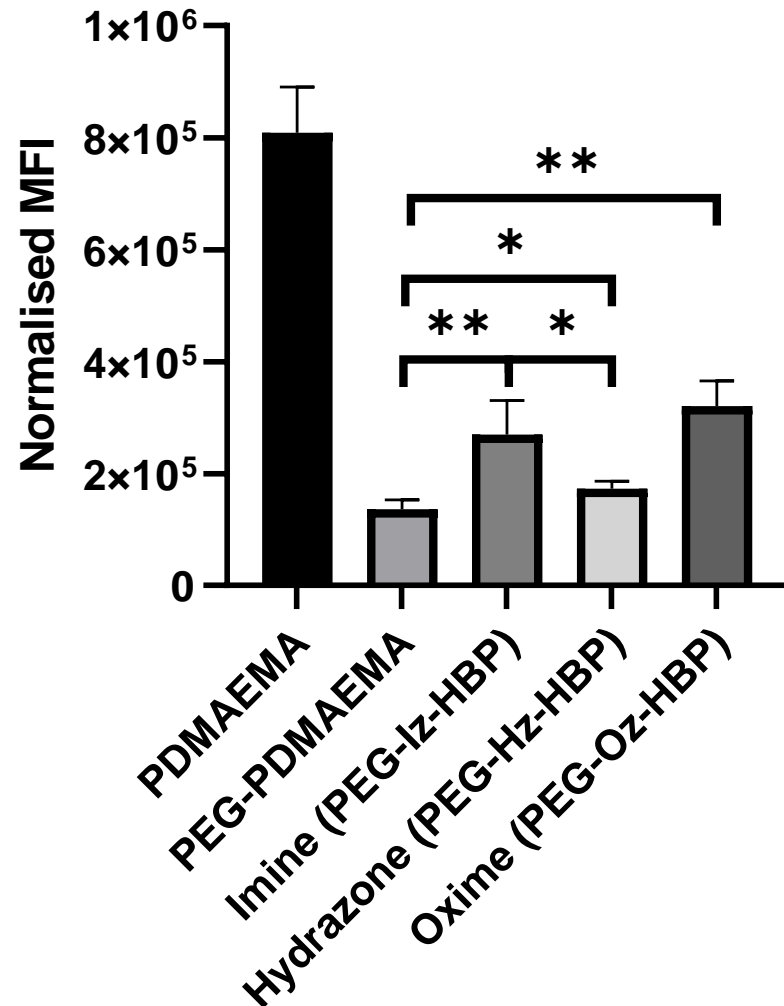


Fast cleavage in acid

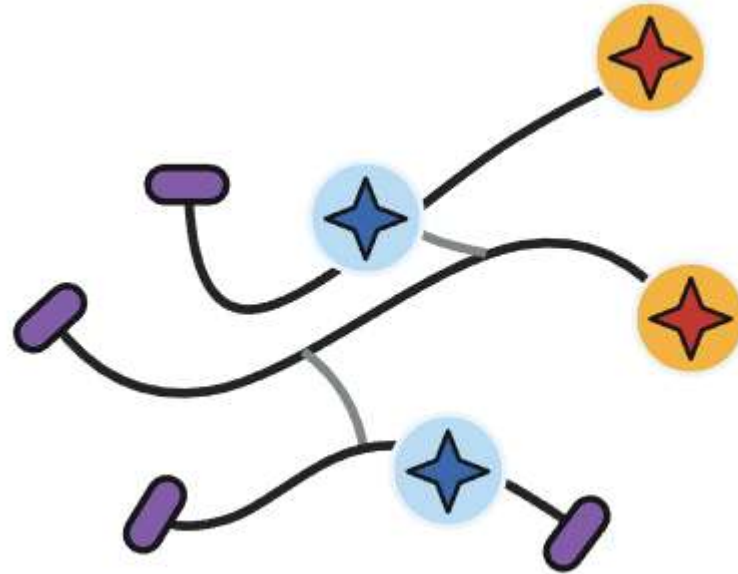
# Cellular association – sheddable PEG

Increased lability = increased cellular association

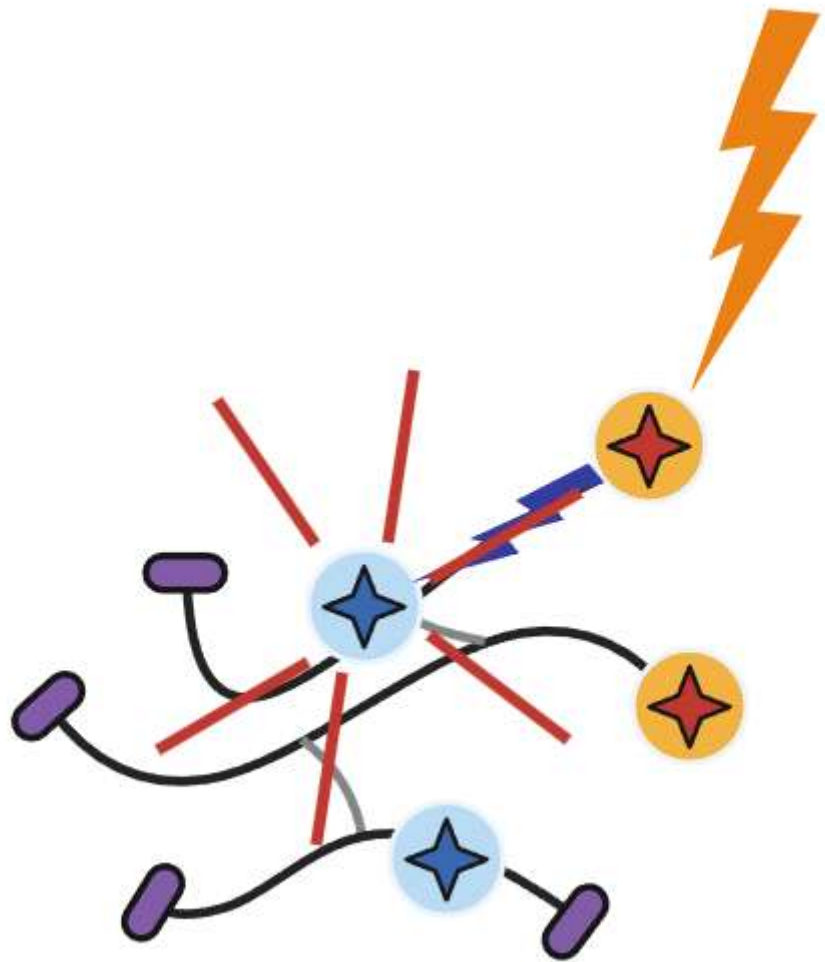
How? Extra- or intra-cellular shedding?



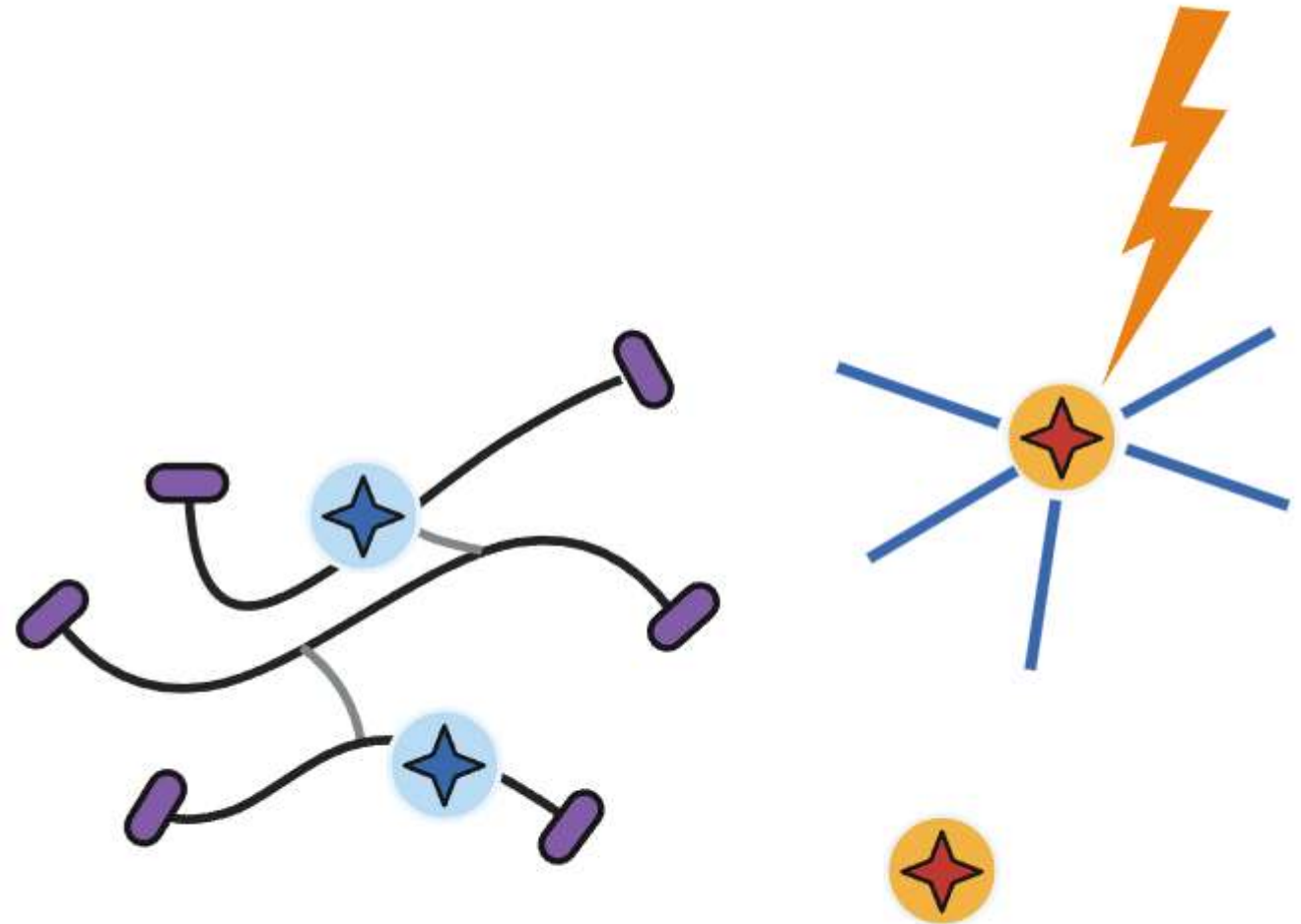
# Sheddable PEG – biological mechanism?



# Sheddable PEG – biological mechanism?



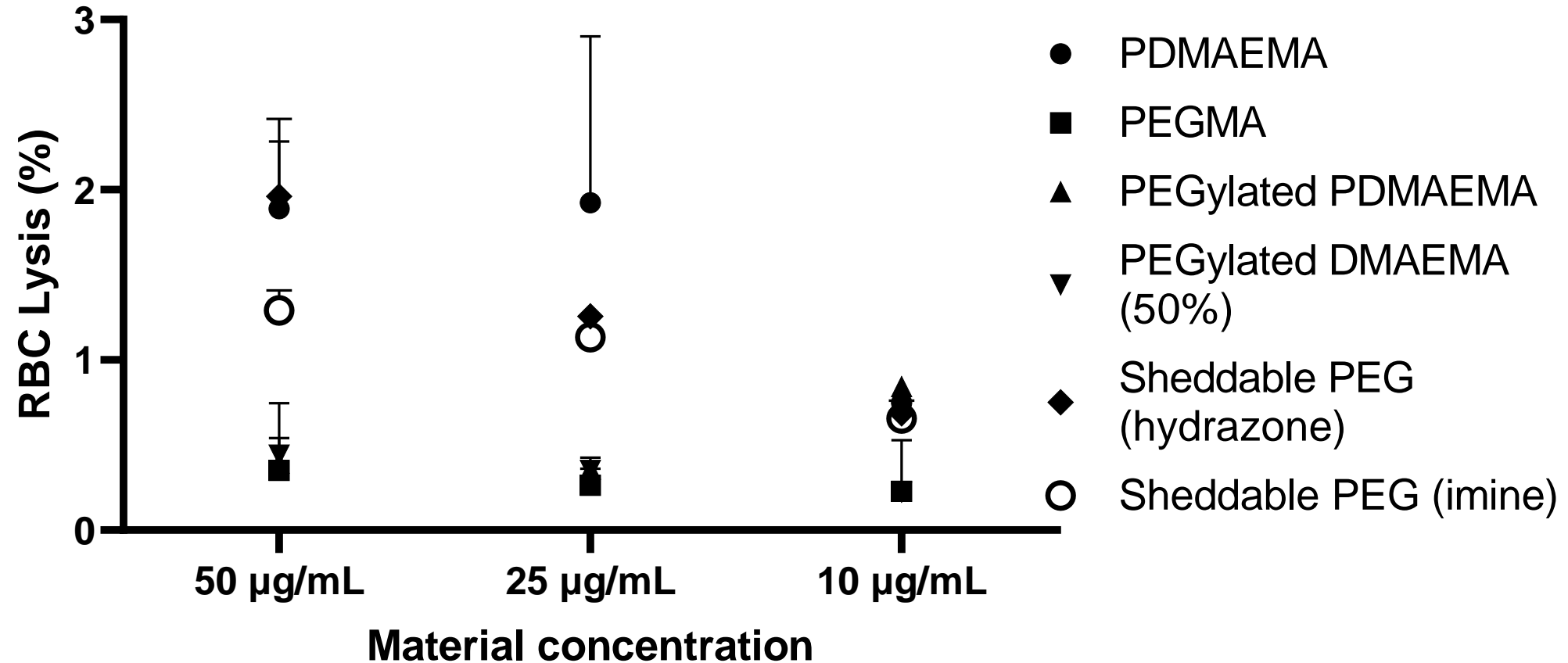
*FRET on – no shedding*



*FRET off – shedding*

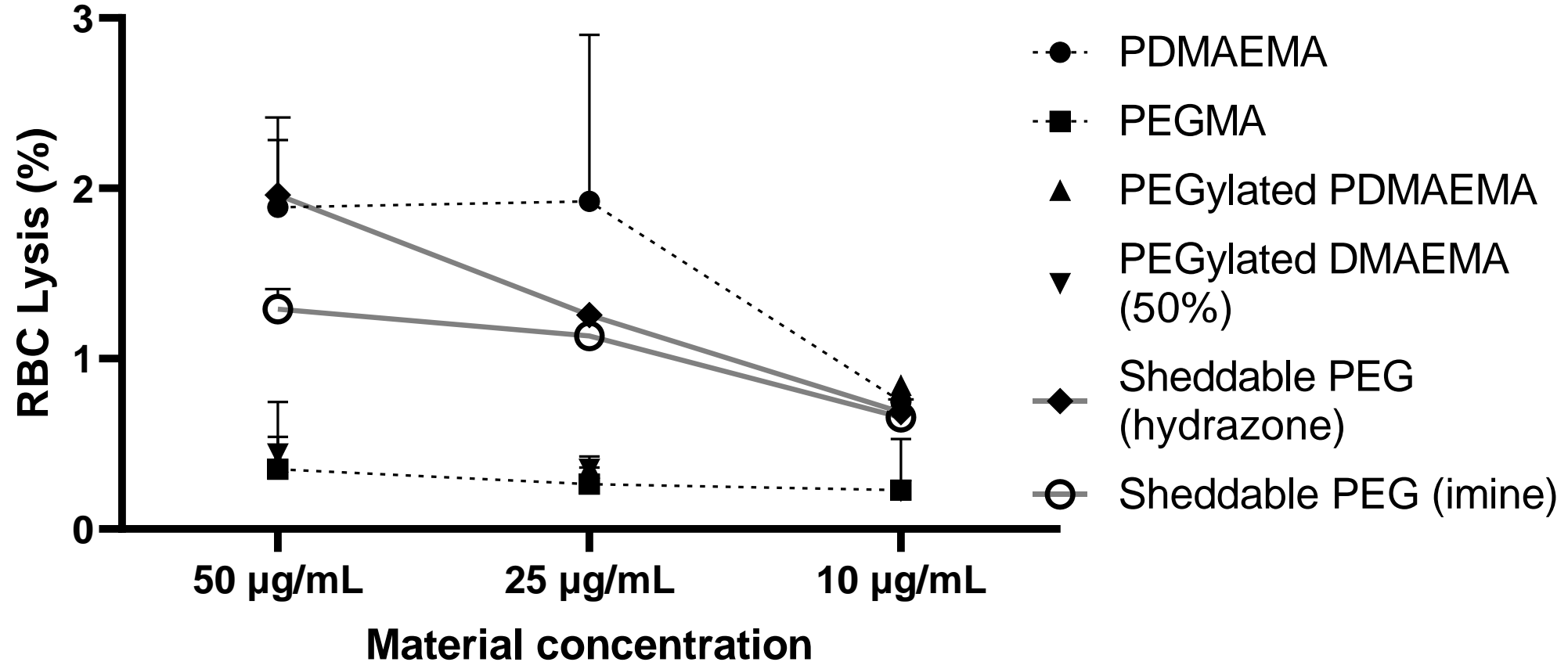
Haemolytic activity: PEGylated material < sheddable PEG < unPEGylated material

## Haemocompatibility by concentration

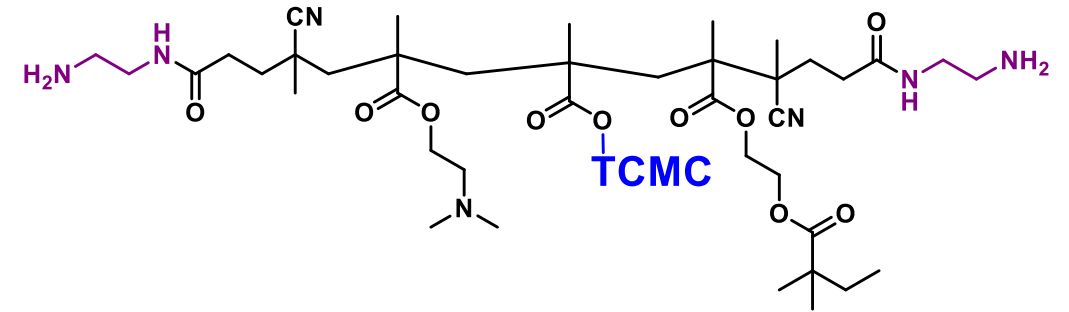
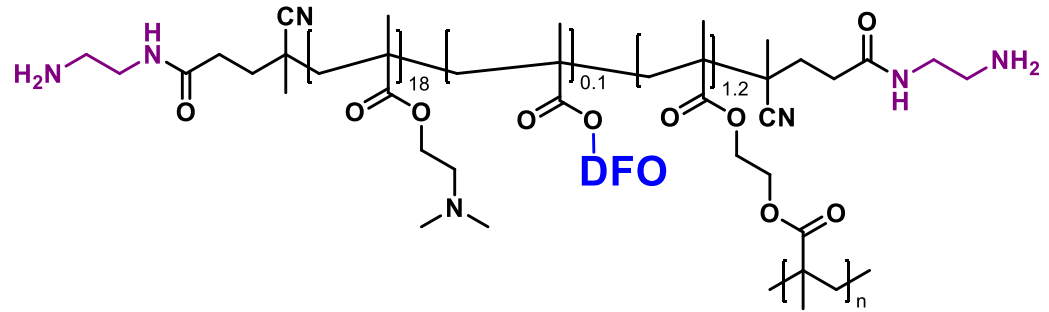


Haemolytic activity: PEGylated material < sheddable PEG < unPEGylated material

## Haemocompatibility by concentration



# Towards *in vivo*







## Conclusions

- Polymer which increases charge inversely to pH has been synthesised
- % shedded  $\neq$  % charge increase
- Schiff base formation can occur simply by dissolving primary amines in levulinic acid
- Sheddable PEG-PDMAEMA behaviour *in vitro* dictated by linker kinetics
- Charged polymers are well within hemocompatibility limits for *in vivo* work
- Placement of chelators in PDMAEMA core does not inhibit effective radiolabelling

# Thank you



Dr Cr  
hured  
ur on

ng



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